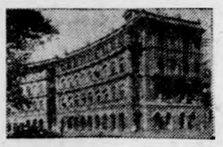
BANK WITH DENABANK



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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 35 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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THREE-POWER PRESSURE ON VICHY

Spain, Too Joins Axis 'Assault' On Petain

DICTATORS' LAST THROW: HITLER & MUSSOLINI IN VICHY

Demand Surrender Of Fleet And Armed Forces In Africa

As winter is fast drawing to an end, Hitler seems to be anxious to speed up matters for a final show-down in the West. A pliant France is a primary condition for the Spring 'putsch'.

Move For Final Throw

A New York cable to the "Daily Mail" reveals that Hitler and Mussolini are attempting a final throw by personal pressure on the Marshal.

Spain, Too, In It!

Spain, too, is now taking a hand and Senor Suner is reported to be 'en route' to Vichy. It is sought to frighten Marshal Petain through blackmail and 'persuade' him to surrender to Laval and make over the French Fleet, the Naval Base in Tunisia and the French armed forces in Africa to the Axis.

In Eastern Europe

While this development is taking place in the West, Mr. Churchill has caused a sensation in Berlin where his reference to the presence of German troops in Bulgaria is denied. Rumania is already a Nazi military base and elements of an expeditionary force have been built up. The British Government, in the circumstances, have decided to close down their Legation at Bucharest and withdrawn the mission there.

LONDON, (By Cable).

The New York correspondent of the "Daily Mail" cabled on February 7:—

Hitler is going to Vichy in an effort to sway Marshal Petain, according to reports reaching New York to-day.

A despatch from Rome states that the Spanish Foreign Minister, Senor Serrano Suner, "has gone to Vichy to join the German Chancellor in bringing pressure on Marshal Petain."

This is the first indication that Hitler is either in Vichy or is on his way there.

According to other reports from Rome, Mussolini also is said to be 'en route' to Vichy.

The Rome despatch must have been passed by the censor, so it is presumed that Hitler is definitely going to, or is in Vichy.

The decision of the Spanish Minister to go to Vichy and Hitler's reported presence indicate the tremendous pressure which the Nazis are bringing to bear on Marshal Petain.

There is a hint in the despatches that Senor Suner may tell Marshal Petain that, unless he agrees to M. Laval's demands, Spain will allow the passage of German troops eastwards from Spanish Morocco, this at a time when the Italians have turned over Sicily to Hitler, which is only 100 miles or so from Tunisia.

Rome despatches asserts that Germany wants the French navy, the French armed forces in North Africa, and the naval base at Bizerta.

Axis quarters in Rome say that messages are making it plain that Hitler must gain control of French Africa and the French fleet to offset the growing faith of the French in the strength of Britain, backed by the United States.

Berlin Denies Churchill's Statement

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 10.

Mr. Churchill's reference to Bulgaria in his broadcast last night has caused a sensation in Berlin, according to the Berlin correspondent of the newspaper "Nya Dagligt Allehanda". Competent quarters in Berlin, the correspondent says, deny that German troops have entered Bulgaria.

The Berlin correspondent of the "Aftonbladet" says that the German authorities maintain that there is not a single German soldier or airman in Bulgaria.—Reuter.

POETRY OF DIPLOMACY

Longfellow Comes In Handy

LONDON, Feb. 10.

The following verse from Longfellow was included in the letter of introduction to Mr. Churchill given to Mr. Wendell Willkie by President Roosevelt and written personally:

Sail on, O Ship of State
Sail on, O Union strong and great,
Humanity with all its fears,
With all the hope of future years,
Is hanging abreast on thy fate.
—Reuter.

NAZI 'GAS' CANNOT WORK

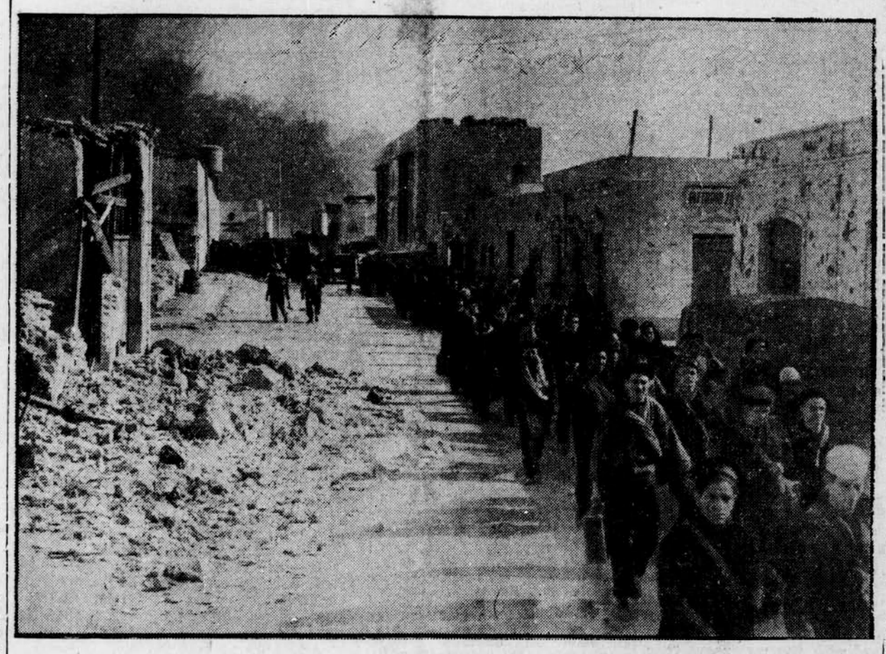
LONDON, Feb. 10.

Plans for the defence of Britain against an invasion take fullest account of the possible use of gas by the German army and air force and steps will be taken to counteract the menace which would come chiefly from the skies, writes Reuter's air correspondent.

Britain has pledged herself under the Geneva Protocol of 1935 not to use gas unless this is first inflicted on her in war. The initiative in its use must remain with Germany who introduced the weapon in the last war. Germany has also pledged herself not to use it again, but may follow the example of her Axis partner, Italy, in the conquest of Abyssinia.

The Germans are not believed to possess any new gas. Indeed scientists consider that no new gas which can be used in chemical wafare exists. What would be new would be some hitherto unforeseen method of using the weapon. A wholesale use of gas to terrorise the civilian population is hardly likely, for this is a weapon which recoils on the user like a boomerang.

Complete safety against all poison gases is provided by gasmasks. Also statistics show that even in the last war the percentage of casualties and permanent disabilities from gas was lower than from any other cause.—Reuter.



Italian Naval prisoners marching through Tobruk on their way to a Prisoners of War Base.

Anglo-Rumanian Rupture

BRITISH LEGATION TO WITHDRAW

Country Turned Into Nazi Military Base

BUCHAREST, Feb. 10.

It is officially announced here that the British Minister, Sir Reginald Hoare, presented a Note at midday to-day demanding his passports.

Sir Reginald hopes to leave with his full Staff of fifty in the first available boat on or after February 15.

It is confirmed in London that the British Government has decided to withdraw its Minister from Bucharest.

RUMANIA BECOMES NAZI BASE

It will be recalled that some months ago German troops began to arrive in Rumania in small numbers. At this time the head of the Rumanian Government informed His Majesty's Minister that these troops had come to Rumania in order to instruct the Rumanian Army in the modern methods of warfare. Some instruction has no doubt been imparted,

but the essential development is that the German High Command has built up in Rumania all the elements of an expeditionary force and has concentrated at various strategic points large supplies of munitions and oil. Rumania is thus being used as a military base in furtherance of German plans for prosecuting the war.

IMPOSSIBLE POSITION

These means are being taken without any word of dissent from the Rumanian Government.

In these circumstances the position of the British Legation has become impossible and Sir Reginald Hoare has been instructed to withdraw his mission and the Consular Offices under his control. This withdrawal will take place during the next few days.

NO INSTRUCTIONS FROM BUCHAREST

The Rumanian Legation in London has hitherto received no instructions from Bucharest about withdrawing. Reuter's diplomatic correspondent learns that the decision whether the Legation should withdraw naturally lies with the Rumanian Government and if General Antonescu instructs the Charge d'Affaires to ask for passports, there would be no difficulty about the departure of the Rumanian Mission.—Reuter.

CLASH BETWEEN MOB AND POLICE IN CALCUTTA

FIRING FOLLOWS LATHI CHARGE: BOTH SIDES SUSTAIN CASUALTIES

CALCUTTA, Feb. 10.

Police opened fire on Muslim crowd which persistently stoned tram depot. Six rounds of gas cartridges were fired which resulted in the dispersal of the crowd.

The total number of casualties in to-day's disturbance in Calcutta so far ascertained is about 30, including half a dozen Sergeants, dozen constables and an equal number of persons from among the mob and the public.

Enquiries in hospitals indicate that among the latter one is a Hindu, and the rest are Muslims.

The majority of the injured had their injuries attended to and were discharged, while about a dozen have been detained for treatment.

It is reported that a number of persons have been detained by the police in connection with to-day's incidents.

Shops in the affected area as also in College Street and other places were closed. Tramway service in Raja Bazar remained suspended for the whole day.

The situation is still tense, and groups of people are collecting in front of the tram depot at Raja Bazar and at different places in Upper and Lower Circular Road Police force has been reinforced.

The volunteers of the Calcutta Khilafat Committee have been stationed at Belliaghata Police Station, Raja Bazar tram depot and other places. They are trying to pacify the infuriated mobs.—United Press.

HEAVY CASUALTIES

Several policemen and employees of the Calcutta Tramways Company were injured when tramcars plying on the Upper Circular Road were ppelted with brickbats and stones by a mob this morning.

The incident is reported to be a sequel to the trouble which arose on Saturday evening over the passage of Moharram Tazia by the same route.

Police opened fire on Muslim

(Continued on page 7, col. 3)

ALL QUIET IN JUBBULPORE

Casualties In Police Firing

NAGPUR, Feb. 10.

Three were killed and five injured as a result of police firing on a Muslims' Tazia procession last evening in Jubbulpore, and in an earlier disturbance fifteen were injured of whom one has since died in hospital, according to details of the disturbance available here.

It is stated that the trouble started when stones were thrown at the tail-end of a Tazia procession, and this was followed by rioting.

Curfew Order was promulgated and when the procession was on its way back from Ranital, the authorities asked the processionists to wait till the Curfew Order was known in the city. The processionists did not wait and did not follow the usual route. Later, a private car and some passerby are alleged to have been attacked by them near the Anjuman Islamia School. The authorities again asked the processionists to halt, which they refused to do. They are alleged to have pushed the police back and threw brickbats on them and attacked cyclists. The processionists who numbered four thousand having gone out of hand, the police who were fifty, opened fire under the orders of the Magistrate.

Twenty-nine rounds were fired, the casualties due to firing being three killed and five injured.

Orders prohibiting carrying of lathis and Assembly of five have been promulgated. Military are patrolling in the affected area. The situation is quiet this morning.

The total casualties due to the disturbances are four dead and nineteen injured, of whom three were killed and seven injured by police firing last evening.

The District Magistrate has extended the Curfew for a further forty-eight hours ordering people to remain indoors between seven in the evening and six in the morning. Assembly of more than five persons in public has also been prohibited. Several arrests have been hitherto made. Markets remained closed to-day due to nervousness. British troops and civic guards are still patrolling the town.—A. P.

Tripoli Sea-Plane Station Ablaze

AXIS BASES IN EUROPE AND AFRICA HAMMERED

British Advance In Abyssinia And Eritrea

CAIRO, February 10.

Attacks on Caleto and Maritza in the Island of Rhodes and a successful night raid on Tripoli are recorded in to-day's *Communique* from the R. A. F. headquarters in the Middle East.

The 'communique' says: On the night of February 8/9 aerodromes at Caleto and Maritza were raided by bombers of the R. A. F. Bombs were dropped on a number of aircraft dispersed on the landing ground at the former place, causing a heavy explosion and two large fires believed to be enemy aircraft.

Aircraft of the fleet air arm the same night carried out a successful raid on Tripoli, bombs falling on a seaplane station where a hangar was set on fire.

In Italian East Africa continued support was given to the army offensive. Keren was raided repeatedly and much damage caused to stores and motor transport. At Asmara, South African fighters encountered a number of Italian planes, one enemy machine being shot down and several others badly damaged. Meanwhile R. A. F. bombers raided the town of Asmara.

When enemy aircraft attacked the occupied aerodrome at Agordat one Italian plane was shot down by anti-aircraft fire. Further South African bombers effectively attacked Badana Afmadu and the fort at Todenyng.

IN ALBANIA

In Albania a small formation of R. A. F. fighters on patrol in the Kelcyre area yesterday intercepted a large number of enemy fighters. In the ensuing engagement four Italian planes were shot down and several others so badly damaged that it is unlikely that they returned to their base. One British pilot had to abandon his aircraft, but made a successful parachute descent and returned unharmed to the squadron.

RAID ON MALTA

During the same night a considerable force of enemy aircraft raided Malta. Damage was caused to private property and a few civilians were injured. Two German aircraft were shot down and others probably damaged. From all these extensive operations four British aircraft failed to return, but the pilot of one is safe.

'DUCE' AND WEATHER

To-day's Italian High Command 'communique', which mentions the British bombardment of Genoa, says that the British naval formation was favoured by dense banks of fog.

In this connection it is pointed out in London that the weather has always been unkind to the Duce. When Mussolini entered war last year, the whole Alpine Front was shrouded in mist which did not lift until after the Armistice, while in September, Graziani reported that the Italian troops in Northern Africa were "fighting in the dust of the fiery desert, content with one litre of water daily".

Two months later the Italians were showing enthusiasm in the Greek war in spite of rain on the same day as the Greeks reported that "by some freak of climate the Greek trenches remained dry".

When the British fleet made a sweep into the Adriatic on December 22, the Italian report of the incident said that the British "deliberately chose a day when the weather was bad so that it should not have the unpleasant

(Continued on page 4, col. 5)

BRITAIN TAKES OVER

CAIRO, Feb. 10.

Lieutenant-General Wilson has taken over command of Cyrenaica as Military Governor and General Officer Commanding-in-Chief, it is announced.—Reuter.

New Army Move In Eritrea

Occupation Of Red Sea Village Announced

CAIRO, Feb. 10.

The British occupation of Mersa Teclai and Karora in Eritrea is announced in a Middle East G. H. Q. "communique". Meanwhile pressure on the enemy about Keren is being continued.

South African troops have now advanced fifty miles inside Italian territory in Southern Abyssinia in the Hobok area.

The "communique" adds that clearing up of areas up to El Agheila in Libya is proceeding satisfactorily and that intensive patrol activity in Italian Somaliland continues.

A NEW MOVEMENT

Mersa Teclai which was occupied by the British is a village on the Red Sea coast, forty miles from the border between the Sudan and Eritrea. Karora is a small town and lies inside the Eritrean border forty miles inland.

It is pointed out in London that this advance into Eritrea from the north would appear to constitute a new movement as to-day's "communique" is the first to make mention of any movement in this direction.—Reuter.

Justice Sen's Term Extended

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.

The Governor-General has been pleased to appoint the Honourable Mr. Justice K. C. Sen, I.C.S., to be an Additional Judge of the Bombay High Court for a further period of one year with effect from 1st March 1941, says a Press Communique.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

LEASE AND LEND BILL

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.

Opponents of the Lease and Lend Bill to aid Britain bitterly attacked the measure in their testimony before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee to-day. Mr. Joseph Curren, President of the National Maritime Union of the Congress of industrial organisations branded the Bill as "Downright Fascist".—Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p. c. on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted organisers to earn Rs. 100/- monthly by sale of Mitson debentures. No business guarantee after permanent appointment. Mitson Limited, 6, Commercial Buildings, Calcutta. (14181)

Wanted Graduate Teachers for a High School in Bombay. Pay about Rs. 40. Apply Box No. 14207, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: Candidates for Railway— Telegraph Classes. Apply, immediately with two Annas Postage. Gujarat Telegraph College, Umreth. (14096)

Wanted candidates for station-master, and signaller's course scholarship Rs. 30/- and Railway fare terms. Free quarter. Apply with 2 annas stamps The Director, All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (14143)

Wanted 1,000 educated youngmen. Rs. 25, Rs. 50, Rs. 75 and Rs. 100. No security. Apply with 1-1/4 anna stamp. Box No. 14194. "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted temporary Assistant Sanitary Inspector on Rs. 30/- per month. State age, qualifications, experience. Apply before 11th February. Box No. 14204 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted qualified Dental-Surgeons apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 14201 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Canvassers and Agents for celluloid printed cards. Saifee Cello Printers, 316 Abdurrehman Street, Bombay 3. (14206)

78. OFFICE PREMISES TO LET

A Modern Office Room nearly 500 sq. ft. 18' ceiling with a gallery. Reduced Rent Rs. 75/-. Also a Godown for Rs. 70/-. Apply Zoroastrian Association, 16 Elphinstone Circle . (14192)

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Property For Sale—A Bungalow, consisting of a ground and one upper storey with a spacious compound admeasuring 1340 sq. yds. at Vile Parle East side at the end of Shradhanand Road, 7 minutes walk from the station. Communicate offers of purchase to Messrs. N. C. Dalal and Co., Solicitors. Phone No. 25659. (4207)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the COMMON JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court, on the 1st floor, Room No. 37 on TUESDAY, the 11th February, 1941. at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.).

T. SINCLAIR KENNEDY.
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 10th February, 1941.
4304.

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for reconditioning of scrap brass boring quality No. 2 available at the Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel. Samples of the scrap to be reconditioned not exceeding 5 lbs. each can be purchased for test purposes from the District Controller of Stores, Mechanical Stores Depot, Parel, at the rate of Rs. 45 per cwt. Tender forms obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office at Rs. 2 per copy which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, postal orders and postage stamps will not be accepted. Closing date Wednesday, the 5th March 1941 at 3 P.M. (S.T.).

4296.

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, G.I.P. Rly. at the Printing Press, Byculla, invites tenders for printing and supplying Goods Tariffs Parts I-A and I-B. Tender forms and samples obtainable from the office of the Distt. Controller of Stores "Genl." G.I.P. Rly. Printing Press, Byculla, on payment of Rs. 4/-/- per set which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheques, Postal Orders or Postage Stamps will not be accepted. Closing Date 3rd March 1941, at 3 P.M. (S.T.).

4297.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that CHETSINGH JAWAHARSINGH of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever, is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at 6, Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece of leasehold land, containing an area of 1568 square yards or thereabouts together with structure or structures standing thereon situate at being and on the Plot No. 264B of the Dadar Matunga Estate of the Bombay Municipal Corporation in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay and bounded on the North by Plot No. 264A on the South by Plot No. 264C on the East by Lakhamsey Nappoo Road and on the West by G.I.P. Railway main lines and which piece of land forms portion of land bearing Cadastral Survey No. 291 B|10 of Matunga Division and is assessed by the Bombay Municipality under F Ward No. 16 and bears Ward No. 7361 and Street No. 928.

Dated this 10th day of February 1941.

LAKHIA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4302)

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

INSOLVENCY No. 30 OF 1941.

Re: RATANSHAW EDULJI CHUBB, an Attorney of this Court, carrying on business as Lalgir Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay: ... A Debtor.
Ex parte: COOVERBAI MANECKJI RANDALIA: ..... Petitioning Creditor.

On the 4th day of February, 1941, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 10th day of February, 1941.

S. S. RANGNEKAR.
Insolvency Registrar.
9300.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Messrs. PIROZSHAW SORABJI DARUVALA, NARIMAN SORABJI DARUVALA, Bai AIMAI BEJONJI HODIWALA and Bai MEHERBAI SORABJI DARUVALA, the executors, executrices and trustees of the last Will and Testament of Sorabji Shapurji Daruvala, deceased, of Bombay Parsi inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lease lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us in our Office No. 14, K., Hamam Street Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

ALL THOSE two pieces or parcels of land or ground of the Pension and Tax tenure since redeemed and amalgamated into one plot with the messuages tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon situate, lying and being at Khetwadi Main Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 326 square yards or thereabouts be the same a little more or less and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 286, New No. 1976, Old Survey No. 2, New Survey No. 7437, Cadastral Survey No. 698 of Girgaum Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward Nos. 1819 and 1727 and New Street Nos. 101-109 and 1-3 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by a sweepers passage and beyond that by the property of Devidas Kallanji, on or towards the West by the Parsiwada or Khetwadi 2nd Lane, on or towards the North by the Khetwadi Main Road and on or towards the South by the property of Mistry Ramji Dayanand and another and which said premises are now occupied by the Vendors tenants.

Dated this 10th day of February 1941.

MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4301)

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

Under instructions from the B.B. and C. I. Railway Company and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act No. IX of 1890 Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction at the risk of the owners, the following consignment of loose stones at their Mahim Railway station at 3-0 P.M. (S.T.) on TUESDAY, the 11th February, 1941.

Sant Road to Mahim invoice I. R. R. No. 24250 of 26-4-40 one wagon loose stones booked by A. M. Pathak to "self."

MENESSE & Co.

A Child Of Nature
Free from pomp and pride
★
Nalini Jaywant
IN
RADHIKA

KHAR EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY RECORDS PROGRESS

The Khar Educational Society made annual celebrations on Sunday evening at the Luxminagar Society's pavilion at Khar. A representative gathering of over five hundred persons from Khar and outside were entertained to a variety programme of garbas, dances, bhajans and gymnastics by the students of the institution. The gathering was presided over by Sheth Jivraj Makandas Mehta, a leading citizen of Khar.

The Society has entered into the seventh year of its career and is now in a consolidated position of increasing service to the public of Khar.

It has been able to enlist the support of almost all the prominent Gujarati-speaking residents of Khar and of a inconsiderable number from outside. It has on its roll six patrons (who have paid Rs. 500 each), thirty-seven life-members (who have paid Rs. 125 each) and thirty-one ordinary members who pay Rs. 12 yearly. The total number of members to-day is 78.

The number of students has risen from 20 at the outset to 86 and the Society has now a staff of experienced teachers—men and women, headed by Mrs. Bhanumati Bhat.

The Society elected the following office-bearers for the year 1941.

Mr. N. B. Abuvala, President; Mr. V. H. Mehta, Vice-President; Mr. P. M. Trivedi, Hon. Secretary; Mr. H. B. Divanji, Hon. Treasurer; Mrs. S. H. Jhabvala, Mr. D. M. Dara, Mr. M. K. Shah, Mr. D. B. Shah, Mr. V. J. Divecha and Mr. R. M. Hathi. Members of the Managing Committee.

New Physical Culture Home At Chaupatty

Muscle-control by Prof. V. R. Talwalkar, Director of the New Physical Culture Home at Chowpatty, and chair-balancing and statue-poses by his pupils were the star items in the variety entertainment in aid of the Home at the Royal Opera House on Sunday morning. Several other items in the programme by the students of the Home were also noteworthy in view of the infancy of the institution, which is only a two-year-old and yet has a membership of 240, which includes several Muslims, Christians and Parsis.

Sukhendu Dutt entertained the audience with some of his dance items, which included the solo "Hunter Dance." Kesarbai Bandodkar added her musical talent to the task. Damuanna Mavlankar also made a humorous speech and stressed the need and utility of physical culture and paid tributes to the work of the Home.

Municipal Hospital Workers' Conference

The proposed Conference of the Municipal Hospital Workers will be held on the 16th of this month. Miss Godavari Gokhale has been unanimously elected for the presidentship and Mr. Zulmiram Choudhary, ex-President, B. P. T. U. C., will inaugurate the Conference. Mrs. Ushabai Dange is elected Chairman of the Reception Committee.

The Incomparable
SADHONA BOSE
IN
An Unforgettable Drama of Woman's
SUPREME SACRIFICE
WADIAS'
Stupendous Production
Raj Nartaki
with
Prithviraj,
Ahin Chowdhury,
Nayampalli,
Pratima Das Gupta,
Benita Gupta & others.
DIRECTED BY
MODHU BOSE
●
HINDUSTANI VERSION
●
Now Showing at
OPERA HOUSE
Daily 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

Unspoken Agony Of A Mother's Soul
in
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
Puja
In SEVENTH WEEK
PATHE
3-30, 6-30, 10 p.m.
Zenana Show To-morrow at 1 p.m.

TEMPLE, THOMAS & STANDAGE CASE

Ex-Employee Cross-Examined In Sessions

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Sessions Court, Justice Broomfield presiding, was packed with members of the bar and the public, to-day,—the third day of the second trial of Sir Richard Temple and Stanley M. Standage, Directors of the firm of Temple, Thomas and Standage, Limited, and H. D. Hudson, the General Manager of the firm.

The charges are that Hudson had cheated one F. X. D'souza—Ticlo, an employee of the firm by inducing him to part with Rs. 4,000 and that Sir Richard and Standage abetted the offence. It was further alleged that Standage had committed criminal breach of trust by making use of the money entrusted as a security deposit and that Sir Richard had abetted him.

Before cross-examination of the complainant was resumed, this morning, Mr. M. P. Laud, counsel for the prosecution stated that he had overlooked putting a question to Ticlo and sought the Court's permission to ask the question.

The question was, "what had induced the complainant to pay a security deposit?"

Ticlo answered that the words Temple, Thomas and Standage, Limited, gave him the impression that the firm was a limited concern. Secondly, he was impressed by the fact that of the three names of directors printed on the letter paper, one was that of a barrister-at-law, and another was of a baronet. Thirdly, Hudson had told him that the company was heavily financed.

Continuing his cross-examination of Ticlo, accused Hudson put him the question whether he knew who was going to cash the cheque when he handed it in.

Ticlo replied that he was not aware who was going to cash it.

He further stated that there was nothing to prevent him from talking to accused No. 1 and 3. He had spoken to No. 1 before he brought the cheque.

Asked by accused Hudson to explain how he had induced him Ticlo replied:—"You did induce me in this respect that you told me that the company had collected Rs. 75 lakhs."

Continuing witness stated that he had not asked anybody for a receipt.

To another question from accused Hudson witness replied:—"You gave me to understand that the Globe Publication, company was heavily financed and that the investment by Mr. Jinnah was a further addition.

Ticlo said that he had not made any independent inquiries regarding the firm of Messrs. Temple, Thomas and Standage

Hudson at this stage concluded his cross-examination and the witness was taken in hand by Mr. C. K. Daphtary counsel for Sir Richard Temple.

Mr. Ticlo, qualified before the searching interrogations of the defence counsel, who tore his evidence to pieces in the course of a cross-examination which lasted for a full hour.

Answering the first question addressed to him by Mr. Daphtary, witness deposed that Messrs Patel and Ramdutt had been his brokers for the last few years. He did not have any of his moneys with them, though, he had an account with them.

Witness added that for two years before he joined Messrs. Temple, Thomas and Standage he had been dealing in stocks and shares and that during that time he became familiar with balance sheets. He revealed that he had a banking account and knew that in a bank it was not possible to get more than 1 to 1½ per cent as interest.

He admitted that he thought that the deposit was safe. He knew from experience that when money was deposited in a business it fetched interest.

Witness said that he was definite that he did not get a receipt on the printed form of the company for the deposit.

Pressed on the point a little later witness admitted that he did get one and said: 'I did get an official receipt which I returned as there were irregularities in it." He continued, "a part of it was written in my own handwriting and a part in another. The interest was not correctly mentioned in it, as it ought to have been at 3½ per cent."

Questioned with whom it was agreed that the interest would be 3½ per cent witness said that he came to know of it from Mr. Leverett on the previous day.

Shown the document and asked whether it was in his handwriting, witness replied "It is not in my handwriting but Leverett's".

Court: "It looks very much like yours.

Counsel:—"Do you suggest that that little space was left blank?

Ticlo:—"Yes."

Witness stated that the Police first came on the 27th to execute a warrant but returned as the accused were not in the office. They came again and executed the warrant on the 29th.

Mr. Paphtary:—"It is not true that the Police came on the 27th but they came for the first time on the 29th and executed the warrant."

Ticlo:—"I still maintain that they came on the 27th also."

Asked whether he knew the difference between a company and partnership witness replied "I don't know the difference between a company and a partnership."

Witness admitted that he knew that Messrs. Temple, Thomas and Standage, were to do preparatory work for floating Globe Publications, Ltd.

Witness said that he was officially on good terms with Leverett.

Re-examined by Mr. Laud, Counsel for the prosecution, Ticlo said:—"My attention was not specifically drawn to the statement about interest."

Asked by a member of the jury whether he could recollect the exact wording of the receipt issued to him, Ticlo said that more or less it read like this:—"Received the sum of Rs. 4,000, being security deposit for the post of a cashier or accountant."

It was signed by accused No. 2 and counter-signed by accused No. 3.

Mr. Leveret was called in as a witness at this stage.

Six more witnesses were examined before the Court adjourned to to-day.

WOMAN'S BODY WITH BLOOD MARKS FOUND

BOMBAY, Monday.

The body of an unknown Hindu female of 50 years' age was found by the Gamdevi Police with the blood marks and abrasions on the back side of the neck to-day.

No one has come forward so far to claim the body and the inquest has been adjourned pending further investigations.

GAMBLING RAID AT THAKURDWAR

BOMBAY, Monday.

A large number of books and chits alleged to be containing Sutta and race figures were seized by the Police yesterday morning following a gambling raid at a flat on the fourth floor of Building No. 20 at Nowroji Shet Street, Thakurdwar Road. Jivraj Jeshwantrai, who occupied the flat, was arrested under the Anti-Gambling Act.

He was enlarged on bail by the Police, who applied to-day before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, for an extension of the bail period. The Magistrate granted the police application.

Possession Of Illicit Liquor Alleged

BOMBAY, Monday.

Karu Kamil Joseph who was arrested by the G. I. P. Preventive Section Police for being found in possession of one gallon of illicit liquor yesterday, was remanded to police custody as the acused could not furnish the bail at Mazagaon Court to-day.

Absconded Student Arrested And Let Out On Bail

BOMBAY, Monday.

An argument over some points of their religion led to hot words and later on blows between the two hotel-mates at Mohamed ali Road on February 3.

Thus the police remarked before the Presidency Magistrate of Mazagaon, Second Court, in applying for the remand of the accused Vilayathusain Nasirhusain to custody.

Further the police stated that the accused stabbed his hotel-mate and absconded since then.

The police, however traced him and arrested.

He was bailed out by the Magistrate.

ISLAM FOR DEMOCRACY

Public Meeting At Kesar Bagh

A public meeting in commemoration of the unique sacrifice of Imam Husain, the great martyr of Islam was held at Kesar Bagh, Dongri.

Dastur Kaikhusru Mahiar Kutar, presided.

Mr. Chelshankar Viyas, Prof. N. A. Nadvi, Dr. Abdullah Rahimtulla and others spoke on the "significance of the message of Hazrat Husain to the world."

Mr. Viyas said that Imam Husain's sacrifice produced truth in words and actions in a manner unrivalled in the history of the world.

Prof. Nadvi narrated the incident of Karbala and said that Husain laid down his life for upholding democracy and brotherhood. His fight, the speaker said, was against personal rule and autocracy.

Messages wishing success to the meeting from Nawabs of Rampur and Palanpur, H. H. the Maharaja of Gwalior and others read out at the meeting.

Islam Through Ages

Maulvi Mahomed Bux, delivering a lecture at Halai Memonwada Road on Sunday night, traced the growth of Muslim population and the spread of Islam ever since the days of Prophet Mahommad.

Referring to Pakistan problem, he said that the said scheme was introduced in the year 1878 by Jamaludin Afghani. It was not a new one.

He said that Gandhiji ordered temporary halt of Satyagrahis' activities during Christmas, whereas he was quite indifferent during the Mohurrum.

MEETING AT NAPOO HALL

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The Congress stand in the present political struggle was explained at a meeting held at Napoo Hall, Matunga, to-night, under the joint auspices of the B. P. C. C. and the 'F' Ward Congress Committee. Mr. Abidali Jaffarbhai presided.

Mr. Abidali explaining the Congress objective, said that they should not be misled by slogans and catchwords used by the communalist parties. The Congress case, he said, was crystal clear because the Congress stood neither for Fascism nor Imperialism.

Mr. Joachim Alva emphasised that the Congress drew and developed its strength on the basis of sacrifice it represented.

Mr. K. A. Subramaniam and Mr. Ambaram T. Doshi also addressed the gathering.

MORAL RE-ARMAMENT

Conference In Bombay

(From A Correspondent.)

The first Assembly for Moral Re-Armament to be held in Bombay took place over the week-end at Mr. Anandilal Podar's Estate, Malad. Over fifty people took part in the meeting: a number of business and professional men including several railway officers and men in charge of labour in the city, men and women teachers in colleges and schools, and students. A number of the visitors were accompanied by their wives and families as well.

Representatives of the movement from outside Bombay gave the benefit of their wider experience. Mr Roger Hicks who has come to India specially in connection with Moral Re-Armament and who has been visiting Bombay during the past month, and Miss Miriam Young, a well-known educationist were among these. Others came from Surat and Hubli. The Hubli visitors were a group from the Criminal Tribes Settlement which included a lady manager of schools, a Probation officer in a Remand Home, a teacher in the Settlement school and a young member of a Backward Class tribe. The latter told of the change in his life produced by learning to listen to God and how he and a number of young man of the same tribe had formed a union to bring the new spirit of honesty to their tribe as a whole. The Remand Home officer and the teacher told how the problem of Juvenile crime, especially thieving, was being solved and how the children were themselves taking the initiative in owning up to their delinquencies.

The atmosphere of the meeting was informal. The philosophy and history of M. R. A. were illustrated by the telling of results already produced in this and other countries. One of those taking part from Bombay summed up the aims of the conference by saying 'that it is the achieving for oneself and the imparting to others of a better quality of life through the rigid application to one's own conduct of the absolute standards of honesty, purity, unselfishness and love; and the translation into the details of everyday life of the thoughts and plans derived from God through quiet communion with Him.'

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 34,04,548-4-4

FOR THE R. A. F.

Rs. 177-3-0 The Staff of the Singer Sewing Machine Co., (Monthly). Rs. 167 The E. D Sassoon and Co., Ltd., office and mill Staff. Rs. 130-8-0 Messrs. Hardcastle Waud and Co., Ltd., and their Staff (Monthly). Rs. 50 "CRCS" (Monthly). Rs. 25 Mrs. Florence L. E. Burgess (Monthly). Rs. 20 The Bombay Tube and Hardware Mart and their Staff (Monthly); "R. S. W." (Monthly); Through the Hon: Presidency Magistrate, Fort (Municipal) Court, Bombay, being donation paid into the Court in cases Nos. 957-58/M of 1941 Rs. 10 Through the Hon: Presidency Magistrate, Fort (Municipal) Court, Bombay, being donation paid into the Court in case No. 68/M of 1941; Through the Hon: Presidency Magistrate, Fort (Municipal) Court, Bombay, being donation paid into the Court in case No. 49/M of 1941. Rs. 5 Mr. V. G. E Hoggan (Monthly).

FOR THE I. A. F.

Rs. 25,000 Through the Collector and Chairman, War Gift Fund Committee, Sholapur. Rs. 117-6-0 Through the Sub-Treasury Officer, Devgad, Ratnagiri. Rs. 111-8-0 The E. D. Sassoon and Co., Ltd., Office and Mill Staff. Rs. 100 The Members of the Staff of the Income-tax Department, Bombay City. Rs. 92 The Staff of Messrs Martin and Harris Ltd., (Monthly). Rs. 45 Edward Sassoon Mill Spg., and Mechanics Department, Co-operative Credit Society. Rs. 40 Edward Sassoon Mill Weaving Department, Co-operative Credit Society, Rs. 35 "Collected by an old Parsi Lady" (6th Instalment). Rs. 34-8-0 The Clerical Staff of the Standard-Vacuum Oil Co., (Monthly.) Rs. 15 Mr. K. Vakil (Further donation). Rs. 10 Mr. J. S. Mody. Rs 5 Rao Sahib B. A. Talpade (Monthly). Rs. 8-12-0 Donations below Rs. 5.

FOR ST. DUNSTAN'S FUND, LONDON

Rs. 200 The Committee of the Gun Carriage Factory War Relief Fund, Jubbulpore, (Further donation).

FOR THE INDIAN RED CROSS

Rs. 100 The Members of the Staff of the Income-tax Department, Bombay City. Rs. 19-12-6 The Apollo Mill Employees. Rs. 12 The Staff of Messrs. Metcalfe and Hodgkinson (Further donation). Rs. 9-12-9 The Edward Sassoon Mill Operatives. Grand Total on Monday Rs. 34,91,138-10-7.

Bombay Keraleeya T. Sangham

The third anniversary of the above Sangham School was celebrated at the Municipal Marathi Girls' School at Vithalbhai Patel Road, on Sunday at 8-30 p.m. under the presidentship of Mrs. Jaishree Raijee, the Chairman of the Municipal Schools Committee.

Addressing the Malayalees, Mrs. Raijee advised the School Committee to adopt the Wardha scheme of education in their Schools.

After reading of the report by the Headmaster, Mr. C. P. Sankaran Nair, Drs. R. Varma, K. B. Menon, and P. S. Nair spoke on the advantages of Night Schools with special reference to adult education.

Bengalis And Census

Prabashi Banga Sahitya Sammelan, Allahabad writes:—

At the eighteenth annual conference of the Sammelan held at Jamshedpur during the Christmas last, a resolution was passed requesting the Census authorities to take steps so that the mother tongue of the Bengalis and other cultural minorities in different parts of India may be correctly recorded. The Census Commissioner to the Government of India has informed the Secretary of Sammelan that it lies with the citizens themselves to see that their mother tongues are correctly recorded by the enumerators. As President of the Sammelan, I request that the Bengalis themselves all over India will take care to see that their mother tongue is correctly recorded by enumerators at the proper time.

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On The Air

TUESDAY, FEB. 11.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

8 p.m. Munawwar Khan. 8-20 Puria on the violin. 8-30 Mand. 8-45 Hirabai. 9 News in English. 9-5 News in Hindustani. 9-10 Special announcements. 9-15 Khadim Husain. 9-30 On the Bookshelf. 9-45 For villagers only. 7-45 Vagaries of the war. 2. 8 Faqiruddin. 8-20 It has happened. 8-25 Mohammad Ismail. 8-40 Hirabai. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Khadim Husain. 10 Faqiruddin. 10-5 Hirabai. 10-15 Mand. 10-25 Munawwar Khan. 10-45 News in English

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Abdul Karim Khan. 8-5 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Gujarati geets. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in Eng. 9 Recording of Mr. Churchill's Broadcast to the Nation. 9-40 Air Trio. 9-45 Three Stars. 9 55 Air Chorus. 12-30 p.m. Sindh Bound Waves. 12-45 Marathi songs. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Gujarati music. 1-10 Dadras. 1-20 Mutual understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 School broadcast. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 G. D. Agni. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 V. K. Kunte. 5-45 Readings from Marathi books. 5-50 Sindhi song. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 G. D. Agni. 6-30 Children's hour Gujarati. 7 The British Post Office during the war. 7-15 V. K. Kunte. 7-25 Talk of the town. 7-30 Marathi duet. 7-40 String music. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Topic of the day. 8-30 Our slums. 2. 8-45 Sound-news. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 Chamber music.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Indubala. 8-15 Flute and violin. 8-25 to 8 40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Solankurker. 8-55 Dum Dum Orchestra. 9 to 10 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12 57 p.m. As in Bombay 1.. 12-57 Nisar Husain. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-25 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

4-1-5 to 5-25 As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Instrumental duets. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 V. K. Kunte. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Bai Laxmibai. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-10 G D. Agni. 9-20 Listeners' letters. 9-35 Datta Davjekar and Madhubala Dhairyawan. 9-45 Babar Jayanti.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

370 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. For the children. 5-45 News in Bengali. 5-50 For the children. 6 News in English. 6-5 Sushil Chakravarti. 6-20 2 Lo Calling. 6-50 Fallen leaves. 7 20 Sujit Ranjan Roy. 7-40 Sheila Sarkar. 8 Berliner Khabar. 8-15 Suren Chakravarti 8 40 Announcements in Bengali. 8-45 News in Bengali. 9 Shova Kundu. 9-15 Announcements in English. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 Jnanendra Prosad Goswami.

Hyderabad Programme

(4 1 m., 730 kc/s)

7-30 to 7-45 For children. "His Profession" (Series No. 2) Businessman by Mr. H. Auj.—Prayer by Mr. H. Moinuddin. 7-45 Near East (Series No. 2) Turkey by Prof. H. Khan. 8 News in Urdu. 8-20 News in English.

B. B. C. Programme

(Wavelengths: 4 to 9 a.m. 49.10 m., 8 to 10 5, 31.35 m.; 4-25 to 6 45 p.m 19.82 m.; 7-30 to 10, 31.55 m.; 8-15 to 10, 49.10 m.)

15-30 News. 17-30 Marie Korchinska, Harp. 17-45 Your Presence is requested. 18-30 News. 19-00 Scots Abroad by J. R. Allan. 19-30 Casa Loma, Orch.; Hindustani prog. on GSG and GSF. 20-00 Tchaikovsky Prog. 20-30 It Occurs To Me by Leslie Howard. 21-00 Miscellany: Midland Half-Hour. 21-30 News.

BOMBAY SLUMS:—To-day will be given the postponed first talk in the series "Our Slums" which was due to have started last week. Miss P. Nariman with a wide range of experience of slum life, will deal with conditions of such areas in Bombay on Tuesday. The Law series will have its sixth talk on Copyright. It will be broadcast tomorrow (Wednesday).

Schools can look forward to two interesting talks. Miss Amy Rustomjee with whom schools must be familiar will speak this time on the art of teaching composition. School teachers should not miss the opportunity of listening in to Miss Rustomjee's talks.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Peshawar Express	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	8 55	18-10
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	9-30	20-15
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	12-30	17-40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-06
Poona Express	19-30	08-05
Allahabad Express	20-25	07-06
Poona Fast Passenger	21-45	13-10

B. B. and C. I. Railway.

(Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.)

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-05
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Gujarat Mail	6-45	22-00
Kathiawar Mail	7-25	21-30
Frontier Mail	8-15	21-15
	(Mon.)	(Sat.)
The Flying Ranee, Bulsar	*9-15	15-35
The Flying Ranee, Surat	*9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee, Surat) (Except Monday)	10-58	00-00
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)	00-00	18-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	19-05	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-48	9-00

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, these trains will run on Tuesday.

KARACHI PRODUCE MARKET

Karachi, Feb. 10.

to-day's closing quotations were as follows:

Cotton Sind March 13/14, May 14/2; Punjab March 13/0/6, May 13/2/3; American March 22/4/6, May 22/3. Strong.

Wheat March 32/1/9, July 28/6/6.

Gram July 24/13.

Toria Febry 32/5, March 33/2. May 33/6 5/8

Cottonseed March 15/6/9, May 15/12/6.

NEW YORK COTTON TWO POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1941

New York: Feb. 10.

Previous closing	10.37
To-day's opening	10.36
Difference	—1
To-day's closing	10.39
Difference	+2

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach April/May ..... Rs. 191
Broach July/August ..... Rs. 195

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARCH 1941

Liverpool: Feb. 10.

Previous closing	8.26
To-day's opening	8.26
Difference	Nil
To-day's closing	8.27
Difference	+1

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: Feb. 10.

New York cotton was quiet in the absence of any special feature, but better Bombay advices induced some support. Trading in March began at 10.36, that is, one point lower than the last closing. Prices eased slightly on March liquidation, but on subsidence of pressure the undertone improved.

The following are to-day's opening ranges in New York cotton:—

March (10.33/33) 10.36/35
May (10.33/35) 10.34/34
July (10.20/19) 10.22/22

The following are opening rates on Liverpool cotton market:—

American March (8.29) 8.26
American May (8.32) 8.29
Egyptian Giza March (11.04) 11.03
Egyptian Giza May (11.03) 11.02

LONDON COMMODITIES

London: Feb. 10.

Castorseeds January February unquoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta February March (£18 9/16 quoted) £18 9/16
Linseed La Plata March (£11 3/8 quoted) £11 3/8
Groundnuts Coromandal February March (£17 1/4 quoted) £17 1/4

JUTES

Dundee (£45) £45
Lightning (£40) £40

RUBBER

Spot (12 1/2d paid and value) 12 1/2d paid and value
Forward January March (12 7/16d paid and buyers) 12 7/16d paid and buyers

LONDON METALS

Tin (£256 1/4 buyers; £256 1/2 sellers. Quiet) £256 3/4 buyers; £257 sellers. Steady
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: Feb. 10.

Previous closing	4.03
To-day's opening	4.03

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: Feb. 10.

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London: Feb. 10.

T. T. London on Paris not quoted

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London: Feb. 10.

The following cable was received from London:—

Market quietly steady

LONDON SILVER

London: Feb. 10.

Spot (23 1/4d) 23 5/16d +1/16
Forward (23 1/4d) 23 1/4d Nil

LONDON GOLD

London: Feb. 10.

London Gold (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: Feb. 10.

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02 50 to 4.03.50 which is officially fixed rate

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.35) 30.35
London on Shanghai (0-3 3/16 to 0-3 1/2) 0-3 3/16 to 0-3 1/2
London on Kobe (1-2 to 1 2 1/2) 1-2 to 1-2 1/2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent
6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay: Feb. 10.

There was no trading during the night session.

BENGAL JOURNALIST DEAD

The death occurred this morning of Mr. Sachindra Prasad Bose a prominent journalist of Bengal at the age of sixty. He was a liberal in politics and took an active part in the last conference of liberal federation held in Calcutta.

Mr. Bose was one of the Bengal leaders who were detained during the swadeshi movement in December 1908 under Regulation Three of 1818.—A. P

Hindu Federation For Sind?

HYDERABAD (Sind), Feb. 10.

About one hundred leading Hindus from all parts of Sind including Mr. Nichaldas Vazirani and Rai Saheb Gokul Das, ministers, and Mr. Lalchand Navalrai, M.L.A. (Central) met here to-day to consider the situation in the province.

The meeting decided to organise a Hindu federation consisting of 21 Hindu members of the Sind Assembly, 21 members to be elected by the Hindu panchayats throughout Sind, Mr. Lalchand Navalrai, member of the Central Assembly and seven members to be co-opted, to safeguard the Hindu interests in the province.

The federation has appointed a Sub-Committee of 12 persons.—A. P.

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay, Feb. 10

Castorseeds May—		
Opening	Rs. 31	12 0
Highest	31	12 0
Lowest	31	11 0
Closing	31	11 0
Groundnuts February—		
Opening	25	14 0
Highest	25	15 0
Lowest	25	13 0
Closing	25	15 0
Cottonseeds May—		
Opening	18	13 3
Highest	18	14 6
Lowest	18	13 3
Closing	18	14 3
Groundnuts May—		
Opening	26	12 6
Highest	26	14 6
Lowest	26	12 6
Closing	26	13 9

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 10-2-1941.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. —.022 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 73.2 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 64.3 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 84.0 degrees (1.9 above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 68.5 degrees (2.0 above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 59 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 3 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 130 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 19 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0

EARTHQUAKE REPORT

An earthquake shock of slight intensity its origin about 4,265 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 9h. 56m. I.S.T. on Sunday, the 9th February. 1941.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 10-2-41.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 76.0 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.17 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.98 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

EARTHQUAKE REPORT

An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 5,435 miles away was recorded by the seismographs at the Colaba Observatory at 1h. 2m. I.S.T. on Monday, the 10th February, 1941.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Speculatives Easier

CALCUTTA: Feb 10.

The Stock Exchange was about steady in most sections after the week-end. Cottons, Teas and Miscellaneous Industrials were unchanged. Government Securities were firm, while Coals and Jutes were quiet. Speculative issues ruled easier.

The following are closing quotations:—

Govt. Securities: 3 per cent loan 1963/65 94/12, 3 1/2 per cent Govt Paper 95/13, 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 102/12, 4 per cent loan 1960/70 108/10 s lot, 5 per cent loan 1945/55 112/12 s lot, 3 per cent Assam loan 1952 95/5

Banks: Imperial Bank fully paid 1,578. Reserve Bank 107 s ls.

Cottons: Benares Cotton and Silk 2/10. Cawnpore Textiles 6/9, Dunbar 215 s lot, Elgin 18/8, Kesoram 6/6, Mohini 11/12, New Victoria 2/2, Pref 5/5.

Coals: Bengal 363, Bhalgora 5, Burra Dhemo 4/6, Burrakur 13/8, Central Kurkend 14/10, Pref 112, Equitable 37/2, New Beerbhoom 16, Raneegunge 26/9, Samla 2/3, Sendra 12/14, Singaran (B) As. 14, South Kanrapura 4/8, Talcher 1/6, Union 32/12. West Jamuria 30/6 ct.

Jutes: Adamjee 20/4 ct, Agarpara Pref 151/8 ex-div, Alliance 250, Anglo-India 313 Barnagore 97, Birla 25/12, Bengal Jute Pref 109/8, Budge-Budge 343, Calcutta Jute Pref 101 s l, Clive 21/6 s lots, Dalhousie 297 s l, Pref 172/8, Empire 23/9, s ls, Pref 160 s lots, Gourepore 648/8, Pref 152, Howrah 49/6. Hukumchand 8/14, Pref 116, s lot, Kamarhatty 452, Kanknarrah 364, Khardah Pref 152, Megna 36/6, Naihati 280, Naskarpara 17/8, National 21/4, Nuddea 55/8, Reliance 53/12 s lot

Minings: Burma Corpn 5/4, Consolidated Tin 2/10 odd lot, Indian Copper 2/2, Rhodesia Copper As. 12.

Eng. Companies: Arthur Butler 14/6, Braithwaite and Co. 10/12 ct. Britannia Eng. 11/10, Hukumchand Steel ord 10/12, Defd 3, Indian Iron and Steel 31/3, Kumardhubi Eng 4/12, Martin Burns 2/5, National Iron and Steel 8/4, Saran Eng 6/4, Steel Corpn ord 19/3.

Miscellaneous: Dalmia Cement ord 12. Pref 111 s ls, Alkali and Chemical ord 18/2, Pref 121 s lot, Frank Ross 4/9, Smith Stanistreet Pref 78 s l, Bengal Telephone ord 18/4, Jhansi Elect 9/12 s l ct, Bengal Telephone Pref 11/14, Mirzapur Elect 3/10 ct, Rawalpindi Elect 25/8 s lots, Concord of India Insurance 7/12. Prem Balmer Lawrie 313, Barraree Coke 20/12, Cal Teams 14/4, Ivan Jones 2/3 ex-div, Dunlop Rubber 38 s l, Second Pref 117, Kalimpong Ropeway 10/4, Indian Cables 21/15. Rohtas Industries ord 20/8, Pref 142, British Burma Petroleum 3/6, Bengal Paper ord 124 ct, Mysore Paper 14/4, Orient Paper 10/9, Star Paper Pref 101, Sree Gopal Paper 10/3, Pref 107/8, Titaghur Paper ord 17/4 ct, First Pref 200, Humayun Property Pref 8/12 ct, Assam Saws 3/11, Bengal Assam Steamship 251/8, Sugar Shares Buland 16, Carew and Co Pref 116, Champaran 15/2, Purtabpore Pref 15, Samastipore 7/12, Sree Krishna Gyanodaya 11.

Tea Shares: Amluckie 78, Duffiaghur 14/2, Dantmara 6, Darjeeling Teas and Cinchona 141, Hatapara 340, Jaybirpara 19/10, Killcott 51 s lot, Kodala 16/4, New Terai 9/12, Sapoi 10/14, Sarugaon 8/12, Tezpore 8/12 s lot. Pref 15/3, Tukvar 11.

Debentures: 3 1/4 per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge Debs 98/7 s lots, 6 per cent 1936/41 National Iron and Steel Debs 101/8.—A. P.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

Textiles Neglected

Madras: Feb. 10.

On the Stock Exchange a moderate business was possible. Banks were steady, Indian Bank being in good demand. Textiles were neglected and in Plantings Rubber shares received support at slightly lower levels. In Miscellaneous issues speculative activity was in evidence. Mysore Tobacco, Mysore Chemicals and Fertilisers have been fairly in request.

Transactions reported from 12 noon of 8th inst. to 12 noon of 10th inst. were:—

Indian Bank 30/6, Pankaja ordy 96, Chambras 3/6/6, 3/7, Cochin Malabar ordy 6/10, Tropicals 18/12, Travancore Rubbers 8/2, Nilambars 11/4, Cottands ordy 4/15, Devon Tea Pref 105, Rajagiri 5/3, South Arcots ordy 91, S M E C ordy 13, Madras Telephone 16/12, Travancore Sugars 13/11, 13/12, Hindustan Trust 13, Mysore Tobacco 9/8, Mysore Paper 14/4, Mysore Chemicals and Fertilisers 16/2, 16/4, Spencer 'A' 9/8, Mysore Match 7/11, Vanguard Insurance ordy 8/2.

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London: Feb. 10.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £97 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: Feb. 10.

London Stock Exchange was steady to firm.

INDIAN LOANS

London: Feb. 10.

3 per cent Indian Stocks (£98 3/4) No dealings.
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks (£109 3/4) No dealings.
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1958/68 (£112 1/2) No dealings.
4 per cent Indian Stocks 1948/58 (£105 1/2) No dealings.
5 per cent Indian Stocks 1942/47 (£104 1/4) No dealings.
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stocks 1954/64 (£101 3/4) No dealings.

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1958/68 (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£77 3/8) £77 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£104 3/8) £104 5/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99) £99
4 per cent Funding Loan (£113 5/8) £113 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£103 1/2) £103 5/8
New War Loan (£101 1/8) £101 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£110 5/8) £110 3/4

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (12-0) 12-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (35-9) 35-6
Hydro Electric No dealings.
Electric Music Industry (7-9) 7-7 1/2
Princhin Johnson (19-6) 19-6
Imperial Chemicals (29-4 1/2) 29-3
Woolsworth New Ordinary (53-9) 53-6
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1939 (£48) £48
Dundee Rubber (33 9) 33-9
Unilever Ordinary (22-6) 22-6
Ford Motors (17-7 1/2) 17-7 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£53 3/4) £54 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary (91-10 1/2) 91-10 1/2
Carreas 'A' (£4) £4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (95-7 1/2) 96-10½
P and O Def (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2
Distillers (63-3) 65-6
Bredfords Dye (3-9) 3-9
British Celanese (3-7 1/2) 3-6
J and P Coates Ordinary (32-0) 32-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (31-4 1/2) 31-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (3-3) 3-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (15-3) 15-3
Inter Nickel Ordinary (dol 36 7/8) dol 37 1/8
Indian Iron (46-3) 46-3

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-1 1/2) 18-1 1/2
Donaro Tea (31-3) 31-3
Empire of India (22-6) 22-6

JUTE

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (17-0) 17-0
Gula Kelampong (15-7 1/2) 15-7 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (26-6) 26-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (22-6) 22 6
Burma Corporation (7-6) 7-7 1/2
Rio Tintos (£7) £7
East Rand Properties (43-1 1/2) 43-1 1/2
Rand Mines (£6 3/8) £6 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown (£12 1/8) £12 1/8
Associated Portland Cement (61-3) 61-3
Trinidad Leasehold (61-3) 61-3
Sug Nigel (£7 1/4) £7 3/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (21-3) 21-10 1/2
Union Corporation (£7 1/8) £7 1/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (27-6) 27-6
Anglo India (39-4 1/2) 41-3
Burma Oil (56-3) 56-3
Mexican Eagle (7-4 1/2) 7-6
Shell Transport (45-0) 45-0
Royal Dutch No dealings.

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£34 3/4) £35 1/4
London Midland Ordinary (£14 3/8) £14 5/8
London North Eastern Def (£1 5/8) £1 5/8
London Southern Def (£11 1/4) £11 3/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£118) £118
London Transport 'C' (£34 1/2) £34 1/2

FILLIP TO SECURITY MARKETS

How Reserve Bank Ordinance Will Work

Mr. H. C. Captain, General Manager of the Central Bank of India, interviewed with regard to the Ordinance amending the Reserve Bank of India Act, said:—

"I consider this a welcome announcement inasmuch as India will be, to a substantial extent, relieved from her sterling debts, though the loans and stocks proposed to be repaid are quoted at a substantial premium and the Government of India would not save a very big amount under the arrangement. Further, this step would bring relief and allay the anxiety of a good many who took rather a serious view after the comparatively dark days since June last year when France collapsed and there were ugly rumours of invasion of Britain.

I believe that this decision will give a fillip to the Security Market and the holders of the stocks proposed to be repaid, who are mostly Bankers, Insurance Companies and big investors would have to come in the market to re-invest their funds so released. How this financial deal would be effected, it is not so easy to visualise beyond saying that part of the required amount may be secured by revaluation of gold holdings of the Reserve Bank and the balance be made up by borrowings from the Reserve Bank which may be gradually paid off by issue of fresh loans. In less than three weeks, the position would be clarified when the proposals in the next budget are made thereon."

New Status For Defence Savings Certificates

LUCKNOW, Feb. 10.

"It has been decided by Government that Defence Savings Certificates can be pledged as security in the same way as the Post Office five year cash certificates," says a Press note of the U. P. Government, issued to-day. —A. P.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Feb 8

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars
Amer For Pow 7 per cent Pfd	15
Amer For Pow 5 per cent Debs	54 1/2
Columbia Gas and Electric	4 3/8
Electric Bond and Share Com	3 5/8
Electric Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd	55 1/2
Amer Pow and Lt 5 per cent Pfd	35
Amer Tel and Tel	163 1/2
Western Union Telegraph	20
New York Central Rail Road	13 1/8
Union Pacific	80
Sun Life of Canada	235
Standard Brands	8
United States Steel	53 3/8
Bethlehem Steel	82
Crucible Steel	40 1/2
Crucible Steel 5 per cent Pfd	91
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	21 1/2
Republic Steel	19
Anaconda Copper Mining	24 5/8
General Motors	44 3/8
Chrysler Motors	67
Socony	8 7/8
Standard Oil of N. J.	33 1/2
Consolidated Oil	5 1/2
Texas Corporation	36 1/4

Domestic Mills Working Twenty-Four Hours In New York

BOMBAY LIQUIDATION AND MODERATE HEDGING

Spots Very Firm

Bombay, Feb 10

The cotton market was fluctuating within a narrow range owing to international uncertainties making buyers and sellers cautious. A private estimation of domestic consumption for January considers bullish as it was estimated nine hundred thousand bales. The Cotton Exchange service estimates loan repossessions at around four hundred to five hundred thousands. It is understood that Government may license cotton exports due to complaints of leakage in the British blockade. It is further understood that the Secretary of Agriculture is seeking suggestions for long range cotton programme including reduction of acreage, higher loan and export subsidy making American fully competitive in the world market. There is a talk that the Japanese embassy in Mexico city is negotiating the purchase of half million dollars worth of cotton from San Salvador with payment in Japan goods. Market is awaiting for new developments.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton futures market opened at 1 point down at 10.33 for March. There was some scattered selling of Bombay and South. Later on prices rallied on trade price fixing and small offerings, and the highest touched 10.38 i.e. 4 points up. Thus prices fluctuated within a narrow range of 4 points and finally closed at a rise of 3 points at 10.37. Spot cotton price was 3 points up at 10.92c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also steady with a slightly improved buying. The market closed at a rise of 2 points. Spot cotton price was 2 points up at 10.15c. per lb.

Liverpool cotton market was closed on Saturday.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (10-32 a.m.) ..... 10.38+04
New York March lowest (10 a.m.) ..... 10.33—01

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Domestic mills working twenty-four hours. Spots very firm. Believe market will work higher.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, Feb. 10.

Conditions were steady on the market today with prices showing narrow fluctuations. Tata Deferreds opened unchanged at 1882-8 and moved between 1885 and 1880 while Tata Ordinaries, after touching 372-8, closed at 371-8. Bombay Dyeings ruled steady at 1057-8. Indian Irons were quoted slightly lower at 31-4.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds	1882-8	1882-8	1885 1880
Tata Ordinaries	372	372	372-8 371-8
Tata Ordinary	371/8;	Tata Deferred	1880;

Indian Iron 31/4; Bombay Dyeing 1055; Century 367/8; Central India 291/4; Kohinoor 390; Associated Cement 134/4; Bombay Burma 532/8; Scindia Steam 21/13; Tata Hydro 176/4; Reserve Bank 105/12; Imperial Bank F P 1562/8; Central Bank 44; Bank of India 143; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 95/8.

DELIVERY SLIPS

Following Delivery Slips have been issued to-day:—

Tata Deferreds 24; Tata Ordinaries 135; Indian Irons 700; Bengal Steel Corporations 300; Bombay Dyeings 26; Associated Cements 75.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Feb. 10.

On Saturday, London Gold market was closed. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 at New York.

London silver market was closed on Saturday.

New York Spot silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents per ounce. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 5/16. London Bombay Spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 62-1-3. The local silver market was closed. Gold market was opened for half an hour only, market was quietly steady with a limited business.

GOLD

Ready	Rs.	41	15 6
Maha		42	0 0
Fagan		42	1 0
Sovereigns		28	6 0

PEPPER & GINGER

Bombay, Feb. 10

The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.:—

Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	Rs.	75	8 0
Pepper Maha Sud per candy		75	4 0
Pepper Chaitra Sud 15 per candy		78	0 0
Pepper Jeth Sud 15 per candy		80	8 0
Ginger bleached per cwt		15	0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15 per cwt		13	8 0
Ginger Chaitra Sud 15 per cwt		13	12 0

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED

Bombay: Feb. 10.

N Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Hakone Maru of 6307 reg tons Capt K Sato arrived from Karachi with cotton and general cargo.

N Y Kaisha's Japanese s s Matue Maru of 4357 reg tons Capt R Shinohara arrived from Karachi with cotton and general cargo.

SAILED

Bombay: Feb. 10.

O S Kaisha's Japanese s s Sumatra Maru of 4272 reg tons Capt Koide sailed for Karachi with raw cotton and general cargo.

IMPORTS

Bombay: Feb. 10.

15269 bags copra, 4478 bags cocoanuts, 1039 bags sandalwood and billets, 162 bags black pepper, 128 bags ginger, 50 jottas coir rope, 100 kollies hooka shells, 100 slabs refined tin 66 tins rubber latex, 28 dms dyestuffs, 67 dms cocoanut oil, 145 dms indigo, 26 c/s tea 40 c/s silk pcegoods, 65 c/s cotton pcegoods, 41 c/s torches, 25 c/s smoked bacon, 144 c/s printing paper, 32 c/s bolts and nuts, 140 dms cnd asparagus, 65 c/s cnd sardines, 25 c/s iron wire nails, 30 c/s cnd vegetables, 30 c/s enamelware, 80 c/s cnd salmon, 56 c/s pharmaceuticals, 34 c/s coir fibre, 55 c/s cnd tomato juice, 25 coils Manila rope, 1182 pkgs rope, 256 B/bls milk powdered, 60 pkgs Napthol colour, 34 boxes M P equipment, 822 coils wire, 723 coiled coiled rods (wire), 50 boxes iron tacks, 168 ctns elect iron, 215 bdls steel angles, 600 bls old newspapers, 1611 crates acetic acid, 250 bls cotton waste, 46 baskets eggs, 84 pcs boiler tubes, 303 bdls Wrot pipe, 476 pcs Wrot pipe, 250 pkgs cond milk, 969 bags cocoanuts, 55502 pcs and bdls teakwood, 96 bdls coir rope.

EXPORTS

Bombay: Feb. 10.

100 bales raw cotton Konishi and Co Ltd; 1000 bls raw cotton Cotton Export and Import, Ltd; 200 bls raw cotton Kotak and Co; 900 bls raw cotton N Nagshi and Co; 100 bls raw cotton Kilachand Devchand and Co Ltd; 13 bls cotton green webbing Tulsidas Khimji; 11 bls cotton pcegoods Tulsidas Khimji; 1067 bags grdnut oil cake meal Ralli Bros Ltd; 9958 bags linseed Ralli Bros Ltd; 1270 bags grdnut oil cake expeller Habib Rawji and Co; 24 bls cotton pcegoods S J Fattal; 16 bls cotton pcegoods S S Shamash; 25 bls cotton twist waste C Kasturchand; 18 bls sheep skins D Abraham and Sons; 20 c/s chrome leather tanned D Abraham and Sons; 20 c/s cow tanned finished leather Western India Tanneries Ltd; 1250 tons pig iron Indian Iron and Steel Co Ltd; 1280 bags grdnut oil cake expeller Raja Oil Mills; 1300 bls raw cotton Volkart Bros; 1751 bags linseed Kilachand Devchand and Co. Ltd.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Feb. 10.

Following a rise of 3 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 187 for Broach April/May but it opened steady at Rs. 187/8 and advanced to Rs. 188 on scattered buying by jobbers. There was no following on the buying side and with moderate long liquidation prices declined to Rs. 187/4.

At this level, market was steady. Some straddle buying appeared in the bazar and the market advanced to Rs. 189-4. Liverpool market opened unchanged, but the local market advanced further on buying by straddle operators at Rs. 191-4. Market closed steady at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach April/May	Rs.	190	12 0
Broach July/August		194	8 0
Oomra March		153	8 0
Oomra May		155	8 0
Oomra July		158	4 0
Bengal March		125	4 0
Bengal May		126	12 0

COTTON ROOM RATES.

Bombay, Feb. 10

	Extra Sprfine	Sup Fine	FG Good
M G Bengal U P	131	129	126 124
M G Punjab	131	129	126 124
M G Rajputana	137	135	132 130
M G Oomra No. 3	159	156	153 160
M G C P No. 1	178	175	172 169
M G C P No. 2	166	163	160 157

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Feb. 10

Approx quotations.	Ready.	Delivery contract
Bengal Fine	124-27	
Berar	146-53	
C. P. 1	174-77	
C. P. 2	156-61	
Khandesh	126-33	
Muglai	137-39	Feb. Mar.
Broach		+10 +6½
Punjab S.G. 289F	312-17	
Punjab R.G. 289F	287-292	
Punjab R.G. 4F	222 27	

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Feb 10

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

In full-pressed bales.	7-2-41	This year.	Since 1st Sept. Last year.
Khandesh	2,430	66,667	47,882
Central India	1,806	67,292	58,707
Barsi and Nagar	1,674	64,446	95,181
Hyderabad/Gaorani	324	21,162	39,362
Berar	5,834	218,566	224,291
Central Provinces	1,052	38,375	54,225
Total Oomras	13,120	476,508	519,648

Our Readers' Views

Hindus And The Census

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—There is a useless controversy going on in the press as to whether the Arya Samajists should get themselves returned as Hindus or Aryas in the coming census. The President of the Hindu Mahasabha, Shri V. D. Savarkar, has rightly warned such leaders pointing out to them that their activity will ultimately result in the separation of the Arya Samajists from the Hindus like the Sikhs and Jains, at least politically if not socially.

Now if, in course of time, the number of the Arya Samajists increases considerably, any interested political party or Government can easily separate them from the Hindus at least for political purposes. These so-called Arya leaders should try to grasp the spirit of Rishi Dayanand, and should not help the Hindu Society to fall into the deep abyss of disintegration. Instead of laying stress on the return of "Arya" they should advise their followers to return "Nil" in the column of caste against their name. For it is on account of this baneful system of caste that India has lost her Swarajya; it is on account of this that the Hindus are divided into ever-quarrelling camps of Banias and Jats, Brahmans and non-Brahmans, Agriculturists and non-agriculturists, and martial, and non-martial. By allowing ourselves to be called by caste-appellations, we unconscientiously declare to the world that the Hindus, though in majority, are really a vast number of minorities, who can neither interdine nor intermarry, or like a big heap of sand with nothing to cement its innumerable particles together. The present caste system is un-vedic and hence to renounce it is no sin.—Yours, etc.

SANT RAM

Japan's Position

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The following portion of a letter from a Chinese friend of mine, who is Secretary to one of the biggest industrial and navigation concerns in China, might be of interest to your readers:—

"I have been doing a good deal of travelling in the interior and also the coastal ports which are still free from Japanese occupation. It is my impression that while we may not be able to win a crushing victory over the invading forces which are still on our soil our enemies are gradually and steadily losing the war. As time goes on our position will become stronger and we would be in a bargaining position to obtain honourable terms of peace when Japan cannot bear the burden of war any longer or becomes involved in other mad adventures. She has swallowed a bomb which in time will explode and do herself considerable damage, if not actual destruction. We are ever thankful to our friends in India for their consistent support and growing understanding. When the era of reconstruction in Asia begins I hope there will be closer and substantial co-operation between our two countries. The years to come will prove that India and China are the two main pillars of a true and humane new order in Asia".—Yours etc.,

B. L. PUROHIT.

British War Savings Movement

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—As I am informed that banks are receiving an increasing number of enquiries with regard to the non-receipt of acknowledgements of purchases of National Saving Certificates or Bonds I seek the publicity of your columns to explain the situation.

The present delay in acknowledgements of purchases made is unavoidable and is due to the irregularity in the mails due to War conditions and also the great congestion in the British Post Office owing to the number of small purchases which amount to over £1,000,000 per day.

For the information of purchasers in India and to assure them that these contributions to the support of the War are reaching their objective I would like to explain the procedure in respect of purchases made through Banks in India.

Each purchase is entered on a Schedule in duplicate and the duplicate copy is sent to London by a different mail from the first copy. These Schedules are numbered and owing to the system of checking and reconciling of accounts adopted by Banks, non-arrival would immediately cause enquiries to be made at both ends, and thus these remittances must be accounted for ultimately.

On arrival of a Schedule in London, the Bank instructs the Post Office. The Post Office has to scrutinise each application and identify by the specimen signature if it is not an initial purchase. For a first purchase, the specimen signatures are recorded against a new Registered Holder's number or the issue of a numbered Bond Book as the case may be. Despite the enormous volume of this work the acknowledgements are being issued by the Post Office within three to four weeks.

When the London Bank receives this acknowledgement from the Post Office it is recorded in the Bank's books and then sent to India where possible in duplicate by different mails. If a mail is lost by Enemy action as was recently notified concerning mails ex-London November 4th to the 8th, the London Office will repeat the information of the documents which were in the missing mail.

Acknowledgements are now being received by Banks of purchases included in Schedules sent to London in some cases as long ago as June. It will therefore be seen that under present conditions it takes between 5 to 7 months before an acknowledgement can be expected. Purchasers may rest assured however that every sum contributed in this way to the support of the War reaches its objective, although there may be and is delay in their receiving acknowledgements.

I would like to add that an enormous amount of work is undertaken by the Banks at no remuneration. The transaction is carried out at the fixed open market rate of Exchange. It would assist the Banks considerably if purchasers who consider their acknowledgements to be overdue would refer to me with full details of their application rather than cause further expense to the Banks by extra correspondence.—Yours, etc.,

H. L. HUMPHREYS,
Hon. Sec., British War Savings Movement,
7, Council House St., P. O. Box 625, Calcutta.

ART AMIDST WAR

Rukmani Devi Gives Impressions Of Her Dance Tour

MADRAS, Feb. 10.

"I am trying to build, while others are trying to destroy" declared Shrimati Rukmini Devi at the annual meeting yesterday of Kalakshetra (art centre) at Adyar.

"I am sometimes asked," she said, "why I am working for art in the midst of war. Dance is something of the body and cannot be postponed very long".

Rukmini Devi said that her tour of Northern India had been a greater success than she had expected. The people of the North were surprised to find that a dance existed demanding so much vigour and so much work, not to mention its learning and fine technique. They were neither bored by the style of the dance nor by the language. The language difficulty was obviated by using many Sanskrit, instead of Tamil words.

Rukmini Devi observed that a great advantage in the north was the large number of fine theatres.

"What is needed in India is not art but taste", she said. "We have to think not merely of pleasing the public which is easy to do, but to teach them what is best in art. I must do what I think is best and others can improve on it. India is becoming too much westernised in the wrong way".

In the annual report which was adopted, it was stated that since the last previous report, Dr. Maria Montessori has become a patron of Kalakshetra and Dr. Bhagavan Das of Benares one of its honorary members.—A. P.

WALK-OVER FOR CONGRESS

Satyanarayana Murti To Be Declared Elected To Central Assembly

ELLORE, Feb. 10

The Collector of West Godavari (Returning Officer) held scrutiny over nominations for the Central Assembly by-election in the Godavari-Cum-Kistna Non-Mahomedan Constituency of Messrs. A. Satyanarayana Murti and Raghavachandrayya, Congress candidates, and held them valid.

Mr. Raghavachandrayya withdrew his nomination and Mr. Satyanarayana Murti's was the only valid nomination. He will be declared elected tomorrow.—A. P.

RAID ON CALAIS DOCKS.

LONDON, Feb. 10.

In the R. A. F. raid on the Calais docks bombs were showered on many parts of the harbour, according to official details. The pilot of one aircraft said that he watched bombs explode and saw the bursts lift shipping clear out of the water. They saw the bottoms of some small craft as they overturned and fell back completely wrecked. A direct hit was obtained on a goods train on a railway near the docks.—Reuter.

U.S. AMBASSADOR TO BRITAIN

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10.

The Senate unanimously confirmed the nomination of Mr. John Winant as the United States Ambassador to Britain.

The appointment of Mr. Alexander Biddle, former Ambassador to Poland as the United States representative to the exiled Governments of Poland, Belgium, the Netherlands and Norway was also unanimously approved with a number of other diplomatic changes.—Reuter..

ROYISTS OUT TO EMANCIPATE INDIAN MASSES

Conference At Tenali 'Will Enlist Popular Support'

GUNTUR, Feb. 9

The Andhra Provincial Radical Democratic Party conference which met at Tenali yesterday under the presidency of Mr. M. N. Roy, approved of the analysis of the international and Indian political situation given in the inaugural manifesto of the party and endorsed the programme formulated therein.

The conference is of the opinion that the realisation of the programme of political freedom and social emancipation of the Indian masses advocated by the Radical Democratic Party was conditional upon the defeat of Fascism.

The conference, therefore, resolved that all the activities of the party should be for the time being, guided "by the purpose of making the Indian masses conscious of the danger of Fascism which is growing even inside the country under the cover of an all conceived nationalism and pseudo-anti-imperialism."

The Conference declared that the constitutional deadlock could be ended only by representatives of the people, favouring India's participation in war, shouldering the responsibility of conducting the administration of the country and was decidedly of the opinion that the formation of emergency ministries supported by all who take a practical and realistic view of the present situation and its potentialities was the crying need of the day. It therefore resolved to enlist the popular support for the demand for the formation of emergency ministries in the provinces now without any responsible Government.—A. P.

STOPPAGE OF COAL TO NORTHERN ITALY?

KARACHI, Feb. 10.

No coal is now passing from Silessian and Moravian coalfields to northern Italy, according to a cablegram recently received by the local office of the Associated Chambers of Commerce of the British Empire in London. For more than 20 years, the coalfields of Karvin and Moravia have produced regular supplies for Italy.

On the internal situation in Italy, the telegram says that a new Italian decree forbids the manufacture of shoes exclusively consisting of leather layers.

According to the "Friday" magazine, the cable proceeds, Field Marshal Goering is "known to have locked away well over two million dollars in the Americas."

On the convoying of vessels, the telegram says that about 4,700 convoys were escorted by British coastal command aircraft from the outbreak of war to the end of 1940 entailing about 16,500 separate journeys.—A. P.

Houses Set On Fire In Purnea

PATNA, Feb. 10.

Five persons received gunshot injuries in a Moharram clash between Hindus and Muslims at Katihar, District Purnea, according to informaton available in official quarters here.

Some houses are reported to have been set on fire also. The District Magistrate and Superintendent, Purnea have arrived at Katihar. Further details are lacking.—A. P.

EX-CONGRESS CABINET MEMBER DEAD

CALCUTTA, Feb. 10.

The death occurred here to-day of Mr. Surendra Mohan Maitra, a former member of the Congress Working Committee, and Secretary of the Bengal Congress Parliamentary Party of which Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose is the leader.

The death was due to a sudden stroke of blood pressure at about noon and he expired before any medical help could be rendered.—A. P.

Bengal Council's Tribute

CALCUTTA, Feb. 10

Mr. Suren Moitra, M.L.A., a former member of the Congress Working Committee, died this noon of blood-pressure.

As a mark of respect to his memory the Bengal Council was adjourned without conducting business.—United Press.

KAPURTHALA, Feb. 10: Under orders of His Highness the Maharaja of Kapurthala, all courts, educational institutions and offices remained closed today throughout the State in celebration of the capture of Benghazi.

Travancore Gag On State Congress Worker

SIR C. P. SAYS HE FIGHTS MAHATMA TO RESCUE 'HUMAN PERSONALITY'

TRIVANDRUM, Feb. 10

The District Magistrate, Trivandrum, today passed an order prohibiting Mr. Narayana Pillai of Edapalli, a State Congress worker from addressing any public meeting in any part of Trivandrum District for a period of two months.

The order says: "It has been made to appear to the District Magistrate that Mr. Narayana Pillai at a meeting held at Nagercoil under the auspices of the Travancore State Congress on 7th February made a violent speech in the course of which he exhorted the people to be prepared to shed their blood and sacrifice their lives for the attainment of freedom, and, that he intended to address other meetings.

The District Magistrate is convinced that such violent speeches if allowed to take place especially at this juncture of economic stress would create feelings of unrest and discontent among the people and are likely to lead to a disturbance of public peace and tranquillity." The order passed is under Section 127 of the criminal procedure code.

WHY SIR C. P. FIGHTS WITH MAHATMA

"I consider Mahatma Gandhi to be the greatest man that India has produced for many years But in all humility, I have fought him and fought him strongly because, if a great man is to be allowed to have only his own ways, solely from reverence for him, there will be an end to human personality and human liberty and thought," said the Dewan of Travancore, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer replying to the felicitations offered to him by the Sri Mulam Club, Trivandrum last evening on the title of K.C.S.I. conferred on him in the new year honours.

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer added that the smaller a man, the greater was his duty to stand by what he considered to be right. He (Sir Ramaswami) yielded to none in his admiration of Mahatma Gandhi who had made India respected where it was not respected before. But he could not possibly agree with most of his doctrines and methods.

Sir Ramaswami Iyer made these observations with reference to the statement made by the president of the club who said that Sir Ramaswami Iyer was probably the only statesman in Indian India who stood up to Gandhiji. The Premier said that it was no wonder that Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer was known as 'the Indian Churchill."

TRAVANCORE GOVT. WARNS STATE CONGRESS

No Toleration Of "Gross Use" Of Liberty Of Speech

TRIVANDRUM, Feb. 10

The Travancore Government have issued the follwing Press note:—

The Government have been observing with regret and concern that the release of detenus and others arrested in connection with Travancore State Congress and permission allowed to political organisations to conduct normal activities have been followed not by any useful efforts to help the Government and people and the Empire at this important juncture but by a series of meetings held in quick and practically daily succession in which liberty of speech has been grossly used by persons claiming to be members of the State Congress.

There have been not only attempts to organise intensive movement for the attainment of responsible government but inflammatory appeals to the people to be prepared to die for the attainment of freedom and for the country and other dangerous and subversive propaganda obviously calculated to create feelings of unrest and unjustifiable discontent especially during this period of economic stress.

The Government desire publicly to warn those concerned that they cannot but take prompt action to avoid repetition of such tactics and such procedure.—A. P.

KEEP FIT THROUGH CHARKHA

Rajen Babu's Advice To Women

PATNA, Feb. 10

The modern Indian woman had given up domestic work after the fashion of the European woman, but had not taken to physical exercise which formed an important part of the daily activity of her sister of the West, said Dr. Rajendra Prasad while opening the Ladies' Charkha Classes.

Dr. Prasad suggested that spinning would provide women with manual work necessary for their health. It would also make them economically independent to an appreciable extent.—A. P.

ASSAM MINISTER IN CAR ACCIDENT

SYLHET, Feb. 10.

Mr. Munawar Ali, Minister of Agriculture, Assam, sustained injuries in a motor accident last night while proceeding to Chhaglibazar, 23 miles from Sylhet, to attend a public meeting.

It is stated that his motor car was damaged and his two sons, who were accompanying him, were also injured. The accident is reported to have resulted from the collapse of a bamboo bridge.—A. P.

ASSAULT ON RLY. STATION STAFF

PATNA, Feb. 10.

The Station Master and a few other members of the station staff of Sirary on the South Bihar section of the East Indian Railway were assaulted by some men who are alleged to have attempted to rob the railway station cash, according to a report received here.

Two persons are reported to have been arrested in this connection.—A. P.

A new honorary office of Under-Sheriff has been created in Madras. The Under-Sheriff will take the place of the Sheriff in ceremonial occasions in the latter's absence. Mr. R. Ramanathan Chettiar, son of Raja Sir Annamalai Chettiar of Chettinad, has been chosen as the first Under-Sheriff.

TRIPOLI SEA PLANE STATION ON FIRE

(Continued from Page 1)

surprise of meeting the Italian fleet".

4 ITALIAN FIGHTERS DESTROYED

Reporting the destruction of four enemy fighters with the probable destruction of three others when British fighters met an enemy fighter force in the Klissura area yesterday, a 'communique' issued here by British air forces in Greece explains that these successes are in addition to the eight announced as destroyed by Greek air forces.

R. A. F. ATTACKS DUNKIRK AND BOULOGNE

Two formations of R. A. F. bombers accompanied by a strong force of fighters carried out an offensive sweep over Dunkirk and Boulogne to-day. Bombs were dropped on the docks at Dunkirk. According to an early report two enemy fighters were destroyed by one British squadron.

Further details of Sunday's R. A. F. operations are revealed in an Air Ministry 'communique' which states that Antwerp docks and other objectives in the enemy occupied territory were bombed.

One enemy vessel was hit amidships during an aerial torpedo attack on enemy destroyers off the Norwegian coast.

From all these operations one of our aircraft is missing.

Jubbulpore Normal

Jubbulpore is steadily returning to normal.

The bodies of the four victims of the disturbances were taken in procession to the cemetery by the relatives of the deceased with the permission of the District Magistrate.

C. I. D. Inspectors have arrived from Nagpur to conduct an investigation and trace the culprits with the co-operation of the police.—A. P.

VATICAN RADIO JAMMED

LONDON, Feb. 10.

In the course of a message on Sunday the Vatican Broadcast announcer said: "We beg our listeners to excuse us for speaking so slowly and continually repeating words. For several weeks now Vatican Radio has been jammed by unknown source.—B.O.W.

"TRUST YOUR MEN ON THE SPOT"

Sind Appeal To Mr. Jinnah Not To Interfere With Azad Arrangement

KARACHI, February 10.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, Leader of the Congress Party in the Sind Legislative Assembly, in a press statement regarding Mr. Jinnah's statement on Sind affairs, refutes the latter's allegations against the Congress.

"Everybody knows," he adds, "that the Azad arrangement provides the replacement of a Muslim League Minister by Sir Ghulam Hussain Hidyatulla. If no vacancy is made for Sir Ghulam Hussain by February 15, the position of the Congress Party is clear."—United Press.

INSIDE STORY OF AZAD ARRANGEMENT

Mr. Bechar's Appeal To Mr. Jinnah

BOMBAY, Feb. 10.

A humble suggestion to Mr. Jinnah not to disturb the Azad arrangement at this stage but to withdraw the League's support when Government does anything prejudicial to the interest of Muslims and of the province of Sind, is made by Mr. N. A. Bechar, M.L.A., member of the Sind Assembly Advisory Committee, who is on a brief visit to Bombay, in the course of a statement.

Mr. Bechar says:

"While other provinces have made progress in many directions, Sind on account of the squabbles has made a miserable show and just at a time when we are making up, judged by the excellent work done in the last session under the Azad arrangement, and there is a ray of hope for workers and peasants on account of ameliorative measures we expect to push through, comes Mr. Jinnah's bombshell."

Maulana Azad during his stay, consulted all shades of opinion. The feeling against the Muslim League Ministers was running so high that the government of which they were members would have been defeated in the Assembly which had been convened to meet in a few days. Maulana Azad, instead of taking a party view, took a national view and suggested an all party government. There were two methods open to achieve this purpose. One was expansion of the Cabinet and the other resignation of some Ministers in order to make room for Khan Bahadur Allabux and Sir Ghulam Hussain. All the Muslim members of the Assembly irrespective of party ties met and decided against expansion of the Cabinet and resolved that two Muslim Ministers should resign in order to make room for Khan Bahadur Allabux and Sir Ghulam Husain. Mr. G. M. Syed, one of the League Minister, resigned and it was arranged that Mir Bande Ali Khan, then a non-Leaguer, would resign by February 15th and that in case he did not, one of the League Ministers would resign. This agreement is in writing. At the meeting of the Advisory Committee held on the 29th January when all the three League Ministers including Mir Bande Ali Khan were present, the impression given was that the Azad arrangement would stand and that the League Assembly Members would meet on the 12th instant and give their final reply at the Meeting of the Advisory Committee fixed for 17th. It must be stated that Sir Haji Abdulla Haroon, President of the Provincial Muslim League, pressed League Ministers and Members at the time Azad arrangement was being negotiated, not to agree to it but the latter felt that the interest of the Province demanded the Azad arrangement to which they agreed.

It is therefore my earnest appeal to Mr. Jinnah to trust his men on the spot. It is not a question of ministership which is worrying the League Party in the Assembly but of the conditions of the Province which demands an all party government and that Leaguers should not stand aside but it is highly imperative that they should play their part in having a stable government in Sind."

Follow Jinnah's Advice Says Sir A. Haroon

KARACHI, Feb. 10.

Those who are interested in Sind's peace and prosperity should not disturb the present Ministry, observed Sir Abdulla Haroon, President of the Sind Provincial Muslim League in connection with Mr. Jinnah's observations on the ministerial situation in Sind.

Sir Abdulla felt that Mr. Jinnah had voiced the feelings of the majority community in Sind, and he hoped that Muslim Legislators and the Muslim League Ministers would follow his advice. The whole Ministerial situation, Sir Abdulla said, would be considered at a two-day meeting of the Working Committee of the Sind Provincial Muslim League on February 12 and 13.—A.P.

PROHIBITION OF CHARAS IN SIND

Govt. To Appeal Against Sukkur Judge's Decision

KARACHI, Feb. 10

For the purpose of regularising the procedure with regard to the prohibition of 'charas', the Government of Sind, it is understood are bringing forward legislation during the forthcoming session of the Sind Assembly.

The Sind Government is also filing an appeal in the Chief Court of Sind against the decision of the Sessions Judge, Sukkur, who recently held that the Executive orders imposing prohibition of 'charas' in Sind are illegal.

Meanwhile the Government is not launching prosecutions for any breaches of the Government notification.—A. P.

Move To Organise Madras Women Students

MADRAS, Feb. 10

A preliminary meeting of the girl students of the city was held last evening when a constitution for a women students' organisation was adopted, an executive was formed and future work chalked out for the year.

It was resolved to co-opt non-students who would render all help during the early stages of its formation and to hold elections to the primary committees and the Central Council after the enrolment campaign to be undertaken by ladies for a fortnight from February 11.

It was decided to invite Miss Batliwalla (Bombay) and Miss Sultana, (The Punjab) to go over to Madras and tour important centres in the Presidency.—A. P.

Punjab Christian Labour And Satyagraha

LAHORE, Feb. 10

The Punjab Christian Labour League at a meeting held yesterday passed a resolution dissociating the League from the Congress Satyagraha movement "as it is against the war efforts of the Government" and pointed out that Mr. Amrit Rallia Ram, who, it is reported, will offer Satyagraha shortly, is not connected with the Punjab Christian Labour League.—A. P.

DECREE AGAINST BURMA SPEAKER

RANGOON, Feb. 10.

Judgment has been delivered by Mr. Justice Dunkely and Mr. Justice Sharpe in the suit filed by the Hon. U. Aye, Minister of Home Affairs, against the Hon. U. Chit Hlaing, Speaker of the House of Representatives, for a declaration that he is still a member of the House and that the ruling given by the defendant that the plaintiff had forfeited his seat by virtue of his having joined the Army in Burma Reserve of Officers was "ultra vires."

Their Lordships granted a decree in favour of the Home Minister for reason to be given later in a written judgment.—A. P.

Burma Premier On Progress Of Trade Talks

CALCUTTA, Feb. 10

"It is rather early for me to form definite opinion as to the success or failure of the negotiations", said U. Ba Saw, Premier of Burma, approached by the United Press regarding the progress of Indo-Burma trade talks.

He added: "But as there are other problems both for the Governments of India and Burma to solve and the solution of all problems should be as friendly as possible for mutual interests I see no reason why arrangements should not be made on trade matters".

U. Ba Saw arrived here last evening on his way back to Rangoon. After a couple of days' stay here he will start for Rangoon by air.—United Press.

METRO
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TELEPHONE 31045
LAST 3 DAYS!
BETTE DAVIS
in
W. SOMERSET MAUGHAM'S greatest drama of a woman's heart!
"THE LETTER"
with
HERBERT MARSHALL • JAMES STEPHENSON
FRIEDA INESCORT • GALE SONDERGAARD
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The Loveliest and Liveliest Picture of the year
A LITTLE BIT OF HEAVEN
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DEANNA DURBIN
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AND THE FOREMOST FUNSTERS
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LATEST WAR NEWS.

STIRRING SPECTACLE!
PRABHAT'S Screen— Classic
PADOSI
(IN HINDI)
ALIAS
SHEJARI
(IN MARATHI)
Directed by SHANTARAM
3RD WEEK
AT
CENTRAL
'PADOSI' (HINDI) DAILY: 7, 9-45 P. M.
'SHEJARI' (MARATHI) DAILY: 4 P. M.

SATURDAY NEXT— from 15th Feb., 1941.
SHE REFUSED TO MARRY A WEALTHY IDIOT!
CIRCO'S
PROGRESSIVE
SOCIAL
MADHU-SUDAN
Direction: BALWANT BHATT
Starring:
KUMAR, MAYA
BANERJEE, ASHALATA, KASHINATH, JIWAN etc.
Royal-Release No. 16
SATURDAY NEXT
IMPERIAL
Cinema.....Lamington Rd.
TO-DAY THIS WEEK
"LAXMI"

Bombay & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Magh Shud 14, 1997
Muslim: Mohurrum 14, 1360
Parsi: Shehrevar 10, 1310
Hightide: 11-23; 00-00
Lowtide: 5-44; 17-30
Sunrise: 7h. 10m.
Sunset: 6h. 37m.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN
Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

ACADEMY OF ISLAM
The Academy of Islam Zanana Mohurrum Mujlis will be held to-morrow (Wednesday) at 3-45 p.m. at 48, Harvey Road, Chowpatty Ladies are cordially invited.

POSTAL NOTICE
Superscribed Registered and Unregistered Correspondence for United States of America per s.s "Pres. Taylor" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 8-30 and 9 a.m. respectively on Monday, the 17th inst.

KING FAROUK'S BIRTHDAY
The birthday of H. M. King Farouk of Egypt will be celebrated at the Egyptian Consulate to-day (Tuesday) at 5-30 p.m.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS
The Jt. Hon. Secretary writes:—
An urgent Managing Committee meeting of the Guards will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. at Indra Bhuvan, Sandhurst Rd.

"F" WARD DISTT. CONG. COMMITTEE
An urgent meeting of the Managing Council of the "F" Ward Distt. Congress Committee will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Committee's office.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCN.
Mr. Y. K. Shukla will speak on "Painting in India" to-day (Tuesday) in the South Wing of the University Buildings at 6-30 p.m. The lecture will be illustrated with lantern slides.

CHURCHILL'S BROADCAST
A recording of Mr. Winston Churchill's talk was broadcast from Bombay at 9 a.m. on Monday. As several listeners may have missed it, it will be re-broadcast (his (Tuesday) morning at 9 o'clock.

GIRGAUM DISTT. CONG. COMMITTEE
An urgent meeting of the Managing Council of the Girgaum District Congress Committee will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 7 p.m. (S.T.) in the Committee's Office, Congress House, Vithalbhai Patel Rd., Bombay No. 4.

MARWARI STUDENTS' UNION
This meeting of the Marwari Students' Union, Bombay, deeply feels the sad and untimely demise of Pt. Ram Chandra Shukla. The Union conveys its heartfelt condolence to the members of the bereaved family.

KARNATAK SANGH, BOMBAY
Under the auspices of the Study Circle of the Karnatak Sangh, Bombay, there will be a programme of Kannada Kavyagayana by Mr. D. R. Bendre, the well-known Kannada poet, to-day (Tuesday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Govindashram, Lady Jamshedji Rd., Dadar (B.B. and C.I.)

BOMBAY NORTH & SUBURBAN SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION
Under the auspices of the above association Prof. Pillay will speak to-day (Tuesday) on "Interest and Attention" at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.) and Mr. R. D. Kunbhar on "Teaching of Science" at 6-35 p.m. at C. L. Boys' school, Dadar.

SUPPORT TO SJT. KHANDRAY
Under the auspices of the Tarun Mitra Mandal, a public meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Panchkhate, Byculla to support Mr. B. M. Khandray's candidature for the ensuing municipal by-election in the Byculla Ward No. 13, when Mr. Pandurangrao Rane will preside.

PARSI CENTRAL ASSOCN. & POLITICAL LEAGUE
The annual general meeting of the Parsi Central Association and Political League will be held in the rooms of the Association and League, at 107, Esplanade Rd., Fort, to-day (Tuesday) at 6-15 p.m. to adopt the annual report and the audited statement of accounts and to elect a new committee of management.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Tarzan and His Mate". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"A Little Bit of Heaven". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"The Letter." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Thief of Bagdad." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Man With Nine Lives". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Punarmilan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Puja". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bandhan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Lagna Pahawe Karoon." Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Nartaki". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Raj Nartaki". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Padosi". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
SUPER—"Mere Raja". Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Qaidi". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"Deepak". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
PALACE—"Four Sons". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

YOUTHS' PARLIAMENT
That "Better World Order Can only Come when Women are as Free as Men" will be the subject of a public debate in the Youth Lodge, Blavatsky Lodge, to-day (Tuesday) at 6-30 p.m. Lady Rama Rao will preside, Miss Shantabai Bhalerao will propose and Mr. R. I. Patel will oppose.

PUBLIC MEETING AT DANA BUNDER
Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee a public meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Dana Bunder, near Masjid Bridge. Shri Dhirajlal B. Desai, President of the B.P.C.C. will preside and Sjts. Abid Ali Jaferbhai, K. K. Shah, Abdul Raheman Mitha, Salebhai Abdul Kadar and Jayantilal Lathi will speak on the "Present Political Situation." Loudspeakers will be installed.

LIBERALS ON PRESENT POLITICAL SITUATION
Under the auspices of the Western India National Liberal Association, a public meeting will be held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Public Hall, Mayo Rd., Fort, on Thursday, the 13th inst. at 6 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Dr. R. P. Paranjpye and Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha will speak on "The Present Political Situation." Sir Chimanlal Setalvad will preside.

BHAI MANILAL C. PARUKH'S LECTURE
Under the joint auspices of the Rahnuma-e-Mazdayasnan Sabha and the Gatha Society Bhai Manical C. Parukh—Religious Teacher and Author—who had twice been to America and Europe for spiritual and religious preachings and who represented India at the Religion Congress at Chicago in 1933 and who has just published his 20th book: "The Gospel of Zarathushtra" will deliver a public lecture in English, to-day (Tuesday) at 6-15 p.m. at the Dr. Sir J. J. Mody Memorial Hall (Museum East), on "Zoroaster, the Aryan Prophet and His Message."

DONATIONS TO RAMAKRISHNA MISSION T. B. SANATORIUM
To build up the general Ward for men at the Tuberculosis Sanatorium of the Ramakrishna Mission at Ranchi in memory of late Rai Saheb Dr. Mohendra Das Gupta of Gr[illegible]on, Vikrampur, Dacca, a donation of Rs. 10,000 has been made over to the President of the Ramakrishna Mission at Belur Math by Mrs. Savitri Gupta, B.A., the daughter and executrix of the will of the late Rai Saheb. This donation has given an impetus to the construction work of the Sanatorium for which 300 acres of land has already been purchased at Ranchi.

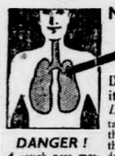
APPEAL TO CITY SPINNERS
The General Secretary of the Khadi and Village Industries Board writes:—
As previously announced the first Charkha class in the City of Bombay will be inaugurated at the Sarojini Cottage, Congress House, on Sunday, the 16th inst. at 4 p.m. (S.T.) by Shri Dhirajlal B. Desai, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee.
Samples of yarn spun by the spinners of the City and Suburbs will be exhibited on that occasion. There are hundreds of Charkhas and Taklis regularly plied in the city. The All-India Spinners' Association Khadi Bhandar has recently received a large number of samples sent by various spinners in the city and suburbs which will be exhibited at the inauguration office. We, therefore, appeal to all spinners, whether habitual or beginners to send at least one hank of their self-spun yarn either to the Secretary, Khadi and Village Industries Board, at Congress House, or to the A.I.S.A., Spinners' Department, Khadi Bhandar, Kalbadevi on or before Friday, the 14th inst. so that arrangements can be made for the exhibition of such yarn also on the 16th inst.

SPINNERS' REGISTER
It is proposed to maintain a list of the spinners in the city of Bombay and suburbs and to keep a regular record of the work done by them. The A. I. S. A. Spinners' Department, Khadi Bhandar, has prepared a questionnaire with a view to collect such data. This questionnaire will be available from the Secretary, Khadi and Village Industries Board, Congress House, Bombay, or any Khadi Bhandar in the City and Suburbs.
All spinners are hereby requested to obtain the questionnaire and send it to the Secretary, Khadi and Village Industries Board, Congress House or to any Khadi Bhandar in the City and Suburbs.

DEATH OF MRS. RANGILDAS KAPADIA
BOMBAY: Monday.
Death occurred this afternoon in the Sir Harkrishan Das Hospital of Shrimati Suraj Govri Kapadia, wife of Mr. Rangildas Kapadia of the All-India States' People's Conference and Vice-President of the Girgaum District Congress Committee.
The Uthamna ceremony of Mrs. Suraj Govri Rangildas Kapadia will take place at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Tuesday) at the residence of Mr. Kapadia in Maharaj Mansion, Sandhurst Rd., Bombay 4.

Benefit Race Proceeds For War Gifts Fund

It is understood that approximately Rs. 1,15,000 were raised for the Bombay War Gifts Fund as a result of the benefit race meeting conducted by the Royal Western India Turf Club at Mahalakshmi on Saturday.

That "NASTY" COUGH

MUST BE STOPPED NOW!
A Constant Cough is Doubly Dangerous. You must stop it instantly! Get some VENO'S Lightning COUGH CURE and take a dose right away! It will stop the coughing "like lightning!", clear the throat and chest, cut up the dangerous phlegm, soothe away the soreness, arrest the development of dangerous germs and strengthen the lungs.
DANGER! A cough now may weaken your lungs! Be warned! Stop it without delay.
Do not take chances: take VENO'S, for this wonderful remedy has a special action which ARRESTS THE DEVELOPMENT OF DANGEROUS GERMS and so makes you SAFE! For you and every member of your family down to the youngest child VENO'S Lightning COUGH CURE is the one sure and safe specific.
The Family Remedy For COUGHS COLDS ASTHMA BRONCHITIS CATARRH WHEEZING SHORTNESS OF BREATH WHOOPING COUGH
WATCH FOR THE BLUE SEAL ON EVERY PACKAGE
Obtainable From All Chemists and Stores
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H. M. King Farouk of Egypt, whose birthday will be celebrated to-day at the Egyptian Consulate Bombay.

EGYPT'S CONFIDENCE IN HER YOUNG KING

(BY THE EDITOR "EGYPT TO-DAY")

When the throne of Egypt became vacant in 1936 through the lamented death of the illustrious King Suad, the first. Egypt was passing through one of the most difficult phases of the national life. The internal situation as a result of long political struggles and strife of parties, was far from stable, whereas the new international status and the heavy responsibilities it entailed, required sober statesmanship and a cautious policy of economic and social reconstruction.

It was in those intricate days that the eyes of sixteen million Egyptians were focussed on the young heir to this historic throne, Prince Farouk, who was on his way to his country, to take charge of one of the heaviest tasks that a young sovereign has ever had to undertake. The fervid enthusiasm and patriotic frenzy, with which the people of Egypt acclaimed the young King's accession to the throne, were unmistakable signs of the nation's confidence in the new Ruler and of the encouragement and hope that his charming personality and vigorous appearance were instilling in their hearts.

King Farouk did not take long to respond to the feelings of affection and loyalty and to the expectations of his subjects. It is well known secret that in spite of His Majesty's young age (for he was born on February 11 1920) and early accession to the throne of glorious ancestors, His Majesty took up his royal duties with unusual zeal and aptitude and displayed such gifts of comprehension and judgment over the vast fields of state problems and political difficulties that provided many a pleasant surprise to His Royal Entourage.

His Majesty is undoubtedly possessed of the happy gift of making the right choice in the appointment of Ministers and Advisers: impartial and equitable, over the administration of justice in all spheres throughout the Kingdom, King Farouk has been the creator of new spirit of confidence and stability among his subjects and thereby stimulated national effort and constitutional efficiency.

Mr. B. M. Khandray, Official Congress candidate for Municipal by-election in Byculla Ward.

CITY FATHERS' DEBATE ON V.J.T.I. STRIKE

Leave Refused To Joglekar To Withdraw Resolution

MOVE TO STOP GRANT TO CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY LOST

The question of strike of the students in the V. J. T. Institute was discussed in the Municipal Corporation on Monday when Mr. K. N. Joglekar who initiated the debate by moving a resolution favouring strikers sought permission of the House at the end to withdraw, but this was not granted and the resolution was thrown out.

EXTRA BURDEN.

Mr. K. N. Joglekar moved that the representatives of the Corporation on the V. J. T. Institute be requested to go through the grievances of the students of that institute who find themselves compelled to go on strike against the infliction of a new medical relief fee and they be requested to see that the injustice of an extra burden of fees being thrown on them is removed.

Mr. R. S. Numbkar seconded the resolution.

MORARJI'S ASSURANCE.

Mr. Gordhandas G. Morarji, a representative of the Municipal Corporation on Board of the V. J. T. Institute opposed the resolution and said a fee of Rs. 7 per annum was not such as would construe a burden upon the students. If the students found the fee burdensome, they should vacate the hostel as the hostel authorities could not run it at a loss. If the students made a representation to the Board, he, as a representative of the Municipal Corporation, would keep his mind open on the subject, and if a good case was made out he would support the students.

Mr. M. N. Talpade said 150 students had to pay Rs. 7 per annum for nothing. All students were not rich like Mr. Gordhandas Morarji and most of them could not afford even Rs. 7 p.m. though it might be paltry to Mr Gordhandas.

Mr. K. F. Nariman suggested that there should be a medical man at the institute for the whole time to attend cases of accidents.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas characterised the speech of Mr. Gordhandas Morarji as one of hard boiled bureaucracy. He urged the House to sympathise with the poor students.

Mr. K. N. Joglekar at this stage asked leave of the House to withdraw his resolution in view of the assurance given by Mr. Gordhandas Morarji that he would scrutinise the case of the students with open mind. The leave was not granted and the resolution was thrown out by 28 votes against 26.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta then moved.

That the Commissioner be requested to report whether the Children's Aid Society has compiled with all the conditions laid down by the Corporation in regard to the Annul Grant of Rs. 10,000 made to them by the Municipality and whether the conditions are being followed from time to time as required by the Corporation.

That the Commissioner be further informed that in the opinion of the Corporation no payment should be made to the Society for the year 1941-42 pending disposal by the Corporation of the Report asked for by them.

Mr. Jamnadas said before taking Rs. one lac for initial expense and Rs. 10,000 annual recurring grant, they were informed by the organiser that by the inception of the Chembur Home for the Children, the question of beggary by the children in Bombay would be solved. They all knew that the beggary increased and beggar children were swarming near tramway stations and other public places as before. The Congress Government had forced upon them to part with this money by their nominees in the Corporation who were in the majority and they should not allow their money to go unchallenged.

Mr. A. P. Sabawala seconded the proposition.

Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mr. Gordhandas Morarji and Mr. Motichand Kapadia opposed the proposition which being put to vote was declared lost by 23 votes against 31.

The House then adjourned till Thursday.

RAJAM IYER'S RECITAL

Under the auspices of the S. I. Sangeet Sabha, Mayavaram Rajam Iyer and party gave a recital on Saturday evening at Matunga. The programme lasted over four hours and the bill of fare consisted of a mixed variety of classic and modern compositions. One of the songs rendered was, I was told, the composition of Matunga Seshayya, which was a great tribute to our local music talents.

Mr. Rajam was in form and his rendering of 'Ragas, Kirtans and Swaras' in high pitch was encored, as it was a pleasing contrast to the usual 'dive-bombing' methods of the majority of vocalists. His stylisation in 'Hari Kamboji', low-tone-waye work in 'Vijayanagari', criss-cross in 'Mohanam' and finished intonation in 'Bhairavi' bringing out the rare 'Bhavas' and the multifarious shades of the raga were reminiscent of Veena Vaithianatha Iyer's glorious music traditions. It is a bit of surprise why budding artistes of Mr. Rajam's type do not find a place in the conference programme of the Madras Music Academy or the Madras Fine Arts Society.

Mr. Krishnaswami ably accompanied the vocalist in violin. Trivadi Krishna Iyer made a good impression with his 'Gathis' and 'Jatis' in Mridangam and reminded one of Kothandarama Iyer school in his finished method of accompaniment. Mr. K. S. Ramachandra Iyer thanked the artistes on behalf of the Sabha and complemented them on their fine team work.

K. A. C.

Bombay War Publicity Committee

Following is the Loudspeaker programme for to-day:—
Marathi: 8 a.m. Records. 8-5 News. 8-20 Records. 8-25 "War in the Outline"—Talk. 8-30 Records. 8-35 "War in the Balkans"—Talk.
6-30 p.m. Records. 6-35 "Middle East Front" Talk. 6-40 Records. 6-45 News Bulletin. 7 Records. 7-5 "India Prepares for War"—Talk.
Gujarati: 11 a.m. Records. 11-5 News. 11-20 Records. 11-25 "Hitler Plays at High Stakes"—Talk. 11-30 Records. 11-35 "Blows Struck at Mussolini"—Talk.
Marathi: 4-30 p.m. Records. 4-35 "Talking about Britain and Germany"—Talk. 4-40 Records. 4-45 News 5 Records. 5-5 "A Glance at Europe"—Talk.
Hindustani: 6 p.m. Records. 6-5 "Hitler Plays at High Stakes"—Talk. 6-10 Records. 6-15 "Blows Struck at Mussolini"—Talk. 6-20 Records. 6-25 News. 6-40 Records. 6-45 Talking about Britain and Germany"—Talk. 6-50 Records. 6-55 "A Glance at Europe"—Talk.

TAX ON ARTISTS

A Protest Meeting

A meeting of the artists of Bombay to protest against the proposal of the Bombay Municipal Corporation to tax the artists "Professional Tax" will be held at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, on Sunday, the 16th inst. at 6 p.m. The meeting will be held under the auspices of the Artists' Club and Mr. V. V. Wagh, the well-known Sculptor, will preside.

University Senate Election

KAPILA KHANDVALA'S CANDIDATURE

Shrimati Kapila Khandvala M. A B. T., Principal, Vanita Vishram Training College, and a well-known educationist and a public worker, is standing as a candidate for the Bombay University Senate election to be held in March, for the seat declared vacant by the resignation of Mrs Hansa Mehta from the Registered Graduate's Constituency.

Sjt. Principal PRANJAPE *Appreciates the* EXCELLENT CATERING of "VASANT BHAWAN"

A DINNER FUNCTION was held at the ELPHINSTONE COLLEGE on Feb. 3rd 1941.

The excellent catering Arrangements were looked after by "VASANT BHAWAN".

Principal G. R. Pranjape in his speech said.

"I am Very Glad to see the nice Catering Arrangements done by "VASANT BHAWAN" in an English style. I wish the firm every success in future."

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"While studying for an examination I became very rundown owing to overwork. I suffered from frequent colds, had no appetite for food and was on the verge of a nervous breakdown. I was given Elliotts Tonic and from the start it did me immense good. My appetite improved and I felt stronger every day. I think it is a wonderful tonic and can confidently recommend it." F. R. F.

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"My age is 42 only—but for some time now I am experiencing the symptoms of old age too early. Your wonderful tonic has at once had magical effect. My system is revitalized like never before and to live now is a PLEASURE. I can say that your Elliotts Tonic has given me rich appetite where before I was listless about food and everything. My strength has come back manifold. In my office and my home life I am the grateful gainer. May Elliotts Tonic everywhere enjoy wonderful success, as it does with me." M. Y. B.

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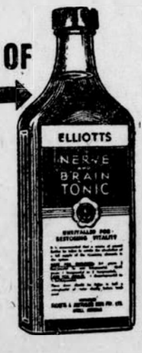
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1941.

"FINISHING THE JOB"

To say that Mr. Churchill excels himself in every speech has long since become trite. But that is the only befitting tribute one can pay to his latest broadcast. Brilliantly conceived as much in its content as in its timing, it is addressed not only to the people of Britain, not merely to Americans, but also to men and women all the world over who have been anxiously watching the European Armageddon, to his foes as much as to his friends. Even in the darkest moment of the middle of the last year, Mr. Churchill's words came ringing with confidence in the present and faith in the future. To-day, when Britain has turned the corner and planted her feet firmly on the road to success, the Prime Minister is naturally more than ever firm in his resolve and outspoken in his language. Every sentence of his speech comes as a clarion call to his friends and a stern warning to his enemies.

After paying a truly deserved tribute to the common people of Britain, who have stood undaunted like the famous Squares at Waterloo while death and destruction were raining over their heads, Mr. Churchill came with a heavy hand on that "crafty, cold-blooded, black-hearted Italian," whose vaunted empire is already crumbling into dust. This, indictment of Mussolini will be endorsed at the bar of history and well may the British Premier view in these developments "the beginning of a process of reparation and chastisement of wrong-doing." The rest of the speech contained words of cheer and solace to France and to the neutral nations of the world. He gave a categorical assurance that "we will do our best to fight for the Central Mediterranean region" to which Hitler has lately turned his attention. Finally came the appeal and promise to America. "Put our confidence in us....We shall not fail or falter. We shall not weaken or tire....Give us the tools and we will finish the job." That last is a typically Churchillian phrase almost devastating in its bald matter-of-fact-ness, considering the gigantic issues at stake. The man who can talk like that in the midst of a world conflagration can never be beaten. He will finish his job.

Indians And The Army

In his first broadcast as Commander-in-Chief on Sunday night Sir Claude Auchinleck paid a deserved tribute to the splendid efficiency and achievements of the Indian troops in the Middle East. And he added that here in India we should do "everything we can to help to win that complete victory which alone will restore peace and security." But are Government themselves doing everything they can to ensure complete victory? Sir Claude touched upon a weak spot in our military organization when he said: "There has, perhaps, been a tendency in the past to regard Indian armed forces as being something apart from and of no concern to the rest of the people". Though he hoped that that day had passed, it is still, unfortunately, true that there is some distance between the Indian Army and the Indian people. The Commander-in-Chief, who has served in India for 38 years, could not be wholly unaware of this fact and its causes.

A few of the causes may be mentioned here. The army is made to represent some selected classes called the martial races. It is officered by men who are predominantly non-Indian and the process of Indianisation is extremely slow. And the people who bear the expenditure on the army have little or no control over it. The exclusion of Indians from their due part in the commissioned ranks is sad enough. But insult is added to injury when we are told by some critics that Indians have no adequate aptitude for the higher ranks in the Army. Yet when attempts were made to increase the number of University Training Corps and otherwise promote military training among educated Indians Government paid little heed to these attempts.

The war has naturally made some improvement in the situation but it cannot yet be said that that Government are doing everything possible to make India self-reliant in respect of Defence. We are frequently told that the modern army is highly mechanised and this means money more than anything else. Perhaps the idea is that Indian people should just pay and the rest will be managed by the Government. But the people know that a highly mechanised army means many more officers than an unmechanised one. And they rightly insist that most of the new officers, if not all, must be Indians. They know, too, that there is a sufficiently large number of Indians thoroughly fit to be trained as such. The authorities, however, still plead that the recruits for the higher ranks are deficient either in quality or in number, if not in both. The Governor of Bihar complained a few days ago with regard to emergency commissions that out of a total of 767 applicants only 12 had been selected for the final interview. If these figures are accurate they admit of more explanations than one. The Governor's explanation is that the material available was poor in quality. But it may also be that the method of selection was too rigorous. We are convinced that if more vigorous efforts are made to secure the right type of men for the Army and if the method of selection is fair, a sufficient number of men can be found. If, in short, Government show themselves earnest about making India self-reliant in respect of Defence, they will not fail to get the necessary material and help they need from the public. And need we add that if India's best and most effective effort is to be evoked to help to win that complete victory which, as the Commander-in-Chief says, will alone restore peace and security, a National Government, enjoying the complete confidence of all sections of the people, must immediately be installed in Delhi?

Brilliant Strategy

If the Italians were smugly complacent that whatever the fate of their empire in Africa, their own hearths and homes would remain inviolate they must have been rudely disillusioned by the severe bombardment of Genoa. The fourth city of Italy and one of its most important ports was subjected to "the war's most tremendous naval bombardment of a port when heavy and light units of the Mediterranean Fleet sent over 300 tons of shells crashing". At the same time the Air Force aimed high explosive and incendiary bombs on military objectives at Pisa and also damaged one of the largest oil plants in Italy at Leghorn. As Mr. Churchill remarked, "it is right that the Italian people should be made to feel the sorry plight into which they have been let by Mussolini". The fact that the British raiders lost only one plane speaks for the tame and inadequate defence that the Italians were able to put up. The attack on Genoa is one of great significance as it was from this naval base that a Nazi expenditionary force was likely to sail to attack General Weygand in Algeria. Indeed, it may well prove to be one of the most brilliant strokes of British strategy, seriously discounting the possibility of Hitler taking a hand in the Mediterranean. At the same time it will no doubt produce favourable reactions in France. In tehe picturesque language of the British Prime Minister, "if the cannonade of Genoa rolling along the coast and reverberating in the mountains has reached the ears of our French companions in their sorrow and misery, it may fill them with the feeling that friends, active friends are near." Genoa may, indeed, help to stiffen the back of Marshal Petain.

The Air Menace

By L. M. CHITALE

(Extracts from the Lecture delivered at the Madras University).

Events in China, Africa and Europe have shown that modern cities are extremely vulnerable to air attack. Innocent men, women and children, the sick and the suffering have been killed and injured. Many who escaped unhurt have been rendered homeless. Buildings and structures are damaged and destroyed. Transport and communication facilities have been dislocated and water and gas mains damaged rendering the life of the survivors difficult. In extreme cases people have been compelled to change their mode of life and subjected to unimaginable physical and mental strain. Even the social and economic life of the nation subjected to extensive raids, have been affected. Time alone can reveal the consequences to society and civilisation from this formidable menace. But even what little is obvious is horrible.

Prevention, the most desirable solution, seems impracticable. Protective measures for the citizens, city structures and essential services to resist the high explosive and incendiary bombs used become necessary. The high explosive bomb is formidable. A 500 pound bomb can penetrate the strongest of our buildings. Its blast can demolish any normal wall at 20 or 25 feet and its fragments can cause death to people even several hundred yards away. None of our buildings can stand a direct hit and nearby explosion. The incendiary bomb though less deadly is no less destructive. It can set an effective fire and destroy cities by spreading conflagration.

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Protection to life can be ensured by bomb resisting accommodation, by massive structures carefully designed and built. But air raid shelters capable of resisting direct hits of bombs are very expensive. Unless they are capable of being used in times of peace their erection is financially impracticable. A dual purpose shelter will solve the question of finance and economy. Modern cities, however, by their layout require too many than is absolutely essential, if our citizens should have ready access to them. To economise in the number of shelters it is possible only if business houses and residences surround dual purpose air raid shelters. An altered layout zoning and planning of residential suburbs become necessary to make protection possible to all. Initial outlay is of course a big problem but against this we must consider what it would cost for evacuation and medical aid. No financial outlay can be considered too big when it is a question of preserving life and morale of the people.

Regarding structures it is idle to recommend that every building should be bomb proof. But by avoiding congestion and by adopting an open lay-out we could minimise the chances of direct hits and by careful designing and construction the consequences of blast can be easily rectified and the edifices made fit for use. Framed structures can resist bombs better and if each building was atleast 25 feet away from its neighbour destruction of structures by bombs would be very expensive if not almost negligible. If buildings are properly classified and if cities are zoned and the residential area separated from the industrial, commercial and other zones, the scope for casual destruction would be eliminated and destruction by bombing would become inadvisable.

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Unless cities are planned and zoned we cannot prevent indiscriminate bombing and casual destruction. Unless we have space around buildings we cannot reduce the effect of vibration upon foundations, and until our roads are made wide we cannot hope to keep them free from debris blocking them and preventing the movement of fire fighting and salvage parties.

In conclusion it comes to this, that to resist the high explosive bomb our buildings must be suitably designed our roads must be wide, there must be space around each building and that different kinds of activities must be separated. It is the lack of all these which makes our cities easy prey to raiders.

The kilo incendiary bomb can be prevented from penetrating into a building by a flat reinforced concrete roof five inches thick. Fire breaks are also absolutely essential to prevent fires from spreading and confine destruction to the building actually attacked. Every building in the city must be detached from the rest, with sufficient space around, to prevent fire brands flying and spreading fire. Adequate water supply should also be ensured and to every part of the city to fight the fire.

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Modern methods of production and distribution of essential services are extremely vulnerable air attack. The underground system and drainage get shattered when the high explosive bomb hits the streets. Even in times of peace the supply of essential services has been found inadequate and when the stress is greater in times of war they fail and destruction and dislocation caused by bombs break the resistance of the people. Dislocation by a few bombs will be made impossible only if the sources of production and methods of distribution are decentralised and every unit or group of houses is rendered self-sufficient and self-reliant as far as possible. A single storeyed detached residence, with a little garden is essential to obtain optimum welfare for the human species. Such a system will admirably resist air raids.

In commercial and business zones of a prosperous city water and drainage mains, electric and telephone cables etc., could be run below the ground in a tube subway constructed of reinforced concrete and kept about 20 feet below the surface. The top surface could be of reinforced concrete made thick enough to serve as a detonating slab and prevent bombs getting in. "Nerve centres" could be housed in buildings of special design and construction located in parks or gardens and camouflaged very well. Gardens and pastures surrounding a city can obviate "digging for victory" in times of war.

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To resist air attacks we must have, bomb proof shelters for all the people, buildings and structures, that would minimise the destruction by air raids and services the supply of which is immune to dislocation. We also require a suitable contingent of fighter aircraft, anti-aircraft guns balloon barrages and other ground defence equipments. These are needed to force the raiders to attack the targets from a great distance and in great hurry the two factors which render destruction very expensive. When these four features are carefully combined we would obtain a city which can protect the citizens and resist attack from the air, to such an extent, that would make air raids not worth while. This would undermine the enemy's incentive to adopt air raids as his method of aggression.

How will such a city be? There will be a large central park about half a mile in diameter around which civic buildings, stately edifices, temples and the like would find location.

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A green belt would surround these to separate them from the city zones lying in the surrounding area—commerce, administration, trade, banking, insurance etc., each zone separated from the other by parks, open spaces, gardens and roads. Buildings in these zones would be framed ones and not more than six storeyed and located around garages which could be used as bomb proof shelters in emergency. A green belt of gardens and parks 500 to 1,000 yards wide would encircle this area and separate it from the surrounding residential suburbs. The residential zones would be in the form of townships and villages, self-sufficient and self-reliant in matters of water supply and drainage and lighting. Community centres, capable of conversion into bomb-resisting accommodation for those residing around, would form the foci of each group of residences.

Pasturage and vegetable gardens will encircle the residential belt. In this pasturage will be housed cattle and live stock catering for the dietary, transport and other needs of the city. Anti-aircraft gun positions would be in this area to check the raiders. The road encircling this pasturage would help to connect the anti-aircraft gun positions and to defend the boundary better. Ammunition stores, telephone exchanges, broadcasting stations, electric power houses, etc., would be housed in carefully designed structures and located in the green belt. The trees and vegetation

(Continued on page 9, col. 6)

Frankly Speaking

To Tripoli

The news of the occupation of El-Agella, about 140 miles south of Benghazi, is almost as surprising as that of the lightning capture of the latter town. This rapid thrust towards Tripoli, however, sets at rest all doubts and discussions about General Wavell's strategy and objective. It is evident that the "Wizard of the Western Desert" is now forging ahead straight towards Tripoli in order to deliver the final knockout to Mussolini's Lybian Empire. This move is justified tactically as well as strategically in spite of the lengthening line of communication and the hazards inherent in such a campaign. Is the first place, it is obvious that Graziani's army is now almost totally *hors de combat* and this is the time to annihilate it altogether. Some sort of resistance may yet be attempted but it is doomed to failure for lack both of "matériel" and morale. In the second place, strategically, the sooner the British occupy Tripoli and with it half of the North African coast, the lesser the danger of Hitler taking a hand in the African war. The moral effect of the complete occupation of Lybia will be, moreover, of incalculable help to Britain—especially *vis-a-vis* Vichy. The capture of Tripoli, which can now be confidently looked forward to in due time, will round off one of the finest feats of arms in military history.

Wanted An Explanation

The Government of Orissa may have had adequate reasons for closing the Basic schools and the Training School connected with them. But they ought to have stated them fully in their communique on the subject. That would have helped the public to judge whether or not the abolition of the schools, apparently without any notice, is an act of sheer sabotage. The Government only state: "They have now examined the progress of the experiment in the light of the report of the Director of Public Instructions and have decided that it is not in the interests of this Province to continue it further." As the question is of interest to the whole country the public would like to know what is the report of the Director. They would particularly like to know whether the Director's main objection is that the scheme is not self-supporting. Speaking of the under-lying idea of the Wardha system the communique says: "Such education, taken as a whole, must be self-supporting and its self-sufficiency should be the 'acid test of its reality'". Gandhiji's earlier views are quoted here. But the Congress Government did not introduce the system on the condition of continuing it only if it proved to be wholly self-supporting. The system, in its essential features, was worth continuing if it was sound and not too costly. The Government owe an explanation for what does look like an act of sabotage.

Classification Of Prisoners

There are persistent reports that the treatment of the "C" class Satyagrahis in the various jails in Madras is extremely unsatisfactory. And this is confirmed by the news that a number of "A" and "B" class Satyagrahis in the Trichinopoli Jail have made a representation to the Government through the Superintendent that the "C" class Satyagrahis should have equal status and treatment with others. They are even prepared, if necessary, to let the whole expenditure incurred for the prisoners of all the three classes be pooled and spent on all of the prisoners equally. We have ourselves suggested before that all political prisoners should be given treatment a little better than that given in class "B", with special privileges for a few for special reasons, relating to health, age and habits of life rather than social status. The Madras Government have been considerate in certain respects in the treatment of political prisoners. We trust they will sympathetically consider the representation made to them about classification.

A Risky Step

It is rumoured that Mr. Narendra Dev, the well-known Socialist leader and ex-member of the Congress Working Committee, at present detained under the Defence of India rules in the Lucknow Central Prison, is going to be removed to the Deoli Detention Camp at an early date. We trust there is no ground for this rumour. Mr. Dev is a chronic asthma patient and for this very reason had been dissuaded by Gandhiji from offering Satyagraha. It is said that when a few days ago his relatives went to the jail to see him he had to be brought out on a stretcher. If such a man is transferred to a place like Deoli, his health is likely to be seriously affected.

Postal Facilities

It is stated that at the end of the year 1939-40 there were over 158,000 miles of routes over which mails were carried by different agencies as compared with over 157,000 at the end of the previous year. The improvement, such as it is, is welcome but even the higher mileage is too low for a vast country like India. Moreover, improvement in this respect loses much of its value when it is remembered that even a post card costs nine pies in this poor country, not to speak of the enhanced postal rates as a result of the war. If high taxation is necessary, the poor man's postal amenities at least ought to be spared.

Law Jottings

Third Party Notice

By JAL R. VIMADALAL

"It may be that the Plaintiffs are of that class which is peculiarly susceptible to the luxury of woe at a funeral and may be disastrously disturbed by any unnatural accident to the trappings of mourning. But one who is guilty of negligence to another must put up with ideosyncracies of his victim that increase the likelihood or extent of damage to him; it is no answer to a claim for a fractured skull that its owner had an unusualy fragile one." These were the observations of Lord Justice MacKinnon in the very recent case of Owens v. Liverpool Corporation in which a funeral procession was going along Scotland Road, Liverpool when a tramcar was so negligently driven by a servant of the Defendants that it violently collided with the hearse and caused the coffin to be overturned. The aged mother and other near relatives were among the mourners in the funeral procession. Though no physical injury was caused to any of them, they filed an action for damages for mental shock. The Court of Appeal held that these mourners were entitled to damages on the ground that the right to recover damages for mental shock was not restricted to cases in which physical danger to human beings was imminent.

Suppose A to be the holder of a Government Pro-note which is endorsed and negotiated by A to B, B to C, and so on till it ultimately comes into the hands of F who obtains payment on it from the Government. Then it turns out that this note was a forged one and one X produces the genuine note and the Government is obliged to pay over again. The Government files a suit against F for recovery of this amount which it was obliged to pay twice over. F, the Defendant, claims to be reimbursed by E from whom he got the note for consideration and so takes out a "third party notice" against E, whilst E in his turn applies to have a "fourth party notice" (if we might so term it) issued against D who similarly prays for a "fifth party notices" (if we might so term it) against C. Do our High Court Rules allow such third party, fourth party and fifth party notices to be issued in the original suit filed by the Government against F? The answer is that in such a case the Rules

(Continued on page 8, col. 7)

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 8.

Rao Saheb N. Natesa Ayer, in his presidential address at the thirteenth session of the All-India Varnashrama Swaraja Sangha Conference, advocated Limited Monarchy as the best form of Government for India. Mr. Natesa Iyer, expressed his view that it approximated closely to the conception of Good Government in the days of Sri Rama, Manu and Akbar. India was at the peak of her glory then. Japan, he said, was still flourishing under it. Britain owed her position to it. Spain, Italy and Greece were leading examples of this philosophy.

Mr. Natesa Ayer claimed that the All-India Varnashrama Swaraja Sangha was really the only party that represented the 25 crores of orthodox Hindus in this country. He characterised the Hindu Mahasabha as an Un-Hindu organisation."—A. P

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The latest "New move to end Indian deadlock" has been duly reported and may, therefore, be taken to have fizzled out.

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The Comet, it has been discovered after all, is only a casual visitor to the Solar System.

And we are afraid that it will go back after forming a very poor opinion of our earth.

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The "Lease and Lend Bill" has been passed by the House of Representatives.

Our heartfelt "condolences" to Mr. Hamilton Fish—and to Herr Hitler!

* * * *

Herr Hess declared that war was the last thing Hitler had wanted for the realisation of his plans.

Don't we know it? For years he had been successfully bluffing and blackmailing—until Britain did decide to call his bluff!

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"We have broken the back of winter", claims Mr. Churchill.

Hitler's spine, however, appears to be more elastic.

* * * *

Every dog has his day—as so well demonstrated at the Dog Show now being held in the Town Hall which was the venue of an Art Exhibition not many days ago!

* * * *

"Sacrificial spinning" it, is reported, is being carried on regularly by the South Indian Association.

And yet our pet bore can't be persuaded to sacrifice even one of his yarns?

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According to a London paper, "Nazism has been helpless while Fascism was struck by deadly blows."

Helpless or indifferent?

* * * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS.

(Perpetrated By The Junior Colleague.)

(1) One of President Roosevelt's many roving envoy will ultimately arrive in India to deliver a personal message from the President to Mahatma Gandhi.

(2) Mussolini is very angry with his Generals for so easily allowing themselves to be arrested—just for the sake of getting better rations.

(3) Mr. M. A. Jinnah has been unanimously elected the President of the Madras session of the Muslim League but he will surrender the *gadi* to Mr. M. N Roy.

(4) Sir Samuel Hoare resents Mr. Churchill's reference to his old friend as "the crafty, cold blooded, black-hearted Italian"

(5) "Mare Nostrum," is an Italian horse which, with other favourites, failed at Mahalaxmi in the War Fund races.

* * * *

The hungry customer rushed into the restaurant and ordered a plate of chicken soup with a wad of cotton on the side.

"Cotton?" echoed the surprised waiter. "Cotton with chicken soup!"

The customer smiled agreeably. "To stuff in my ears", he explained. "I make a terrible noise when I eat soup".

One of my contributors, who made a suggestion regarding a list of books appears to be hurt about what I said. I am sorry if I gave that impression, because it was unintentional.

Mahatma-Viceroy Talks Imminent?

Tide Of Satyagraha Must Lead To New Developments

Sant Singh's Motion In Central Assembly: Leaders' Memorial To Viceroy

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
ALLAHABAD, Feb. 10.

IT appears a fresh attempt is being made to bring about a settlement between Congress and the Government.

BIGGER LIST OF SATYAGRAHIS

Some recent visitors who returned from Wardha are understood to have brought back this impression.

The third list of Satyagrahis which is under preparation is said to be much bigger than the first two.

NEW SITUATION MAY ARISE

After the third list is exhausted nobody can tell what shape the movement will take. Gandhiji made it quite clear, it is understood, he would under no circumstance undertake responsibility for leading a mass movement, and if Congress opens the gates of the movement to masses he would have nothing to do with it. A 'piquant' situation is therefore likely to arise and it is feared that Gandhiji may then be driven to a position wherein he may have no escape but court arrest or embark on his contemplated fast. The report about fresh talks between the Viceroy and Gandhiji has therefore aroused much interest in political circles here. It is believed an attempt is being made to evolve some agreed formula.

INFLUENTIAL CIRCLES SUBMIT MEMORANDUM TO VICEROY

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.

The eve of the session of the Central Assembly finds New Delhi again the centre of political Talks.

I understand that in certain influential circles a memorandum is being prepared for submission to the Viceroy for a solution of the political deadlock.

There is nothing new in the proposed formula, for it merely suggests appointment of a committee with the authority of the Government to draft the Dominion Constitution for India within one year after the war.

For the period of the war the proposal is to have coalition ministries at the centre and provinces on all-party basis as emergency arrangement without prejudice to any party.

At the centre all subjects are to be transferred to ministry with the exception of such subjects as foreign relations, certain parts of defence, etc. The proposal eliminates party distinctions and also direct responsibility to the legislature in strict constitutional sense though the ministry owing to its very nature, as composed of party representatives will enjoy confidence of the elected members as a whole.

The feeling among those who are responsible for these proposals is that if Government's support is forthcoming leaders of parties including those in jail can be approached for their consent.

There is reason to believe that the proposals are already in the hands of the Secretary of State but so far there is nothing to show that Whitehall has at the moment any new approach in mind.

Opinion on Sardar Sant Singh's resolution favours a small conference of premiers and party leaders alone under Viceregal auspices. It is understood that Sir Fredrick James, Member of the Assembly, had recently a talk with Mahatma Gandhi.

MR. PUCKLE IN PATNA

PATNTA, Feb. 10

Mr. F. H. Puckle, Director General of Information, Government of India, arrived here this morning on a two-day visit.

Mr. Puckle during his stay here will, it is understood, discuss war publicity work with His Excellency the Governor of Bihar and with some officials.—A. P.

DEADLOCK IN INDIA

"Hindu" Suggests Way Out: Proposals To Viceroy & British Govt.

MADRAS, Feb. 10.

In a lengthy editorial under the caption "End This Deadlock" the "Hindu" urges that the initiative for setting up a machinery that would seek to hammer out the framework of an agreed constitution must be taken by the British Government.

The paper says: "With a view to exploring the possibilities of dealing in a businesslike manner with the difficulties which the Government have pleaded, it seems to us that the Viceroy should take counsel in conference with the Prime Ministers of the Provinces where autonomy is still functioning and with the ex-Prime Ministers of the other provinces.

If this is done and popular Government is restored in all the provinces as a result, we should not have to seek far to find a body that could apply itself to the task of paving the way for the post-war framing of a constitution for a Free India by agreement.

The Prime Ministers of the eleven provinces in India could constitute themselves into a Committee for thrashing out the details of the constitutional machinery that could be depended upon for ascertaining the will of the people as to the constitution that would be best for India. Such a Committee would not only enjoy the confidence of the vast bulk of the people; it would have all points of view—including those of the Muslims and other minorities—adequately represented on it".

The simultaneous introduction of substantial changes in the Government of India along the lines broadly indicated in the Poona offer of the Congress", the paper goes on to point out, "would be a necessary complement. And it should not be difficult for the Viceroy to find out what are the changes that would satisfy the Indian people and how he could secure a Cabinet commanding their collective confidence, if he referred these questions to the same Committee of Prime Ministers and placed upon them the onus of coming to an agreed settlement.—A. P.

For Victory Celebrations

JODHPUR, Feb. 10

A half-holiday has been declared in Jodhpur for the offices, courts and educational institutions to celebrate the capture of Benghazi by the British Imperial Forces.—United Press.

INDIA'S TRADE WITH S. AMERICA LOOKS UP

NEW DELHI: Feb. 10.

There was a substantial improvement in India's trade with the South American countries in 1939/40. The aggregate value of imports amounted to Rs. 5 lakhs as against Rs. 3 lakhs in the previous year.

India purchased fairly large quantities of nitrate of soda from Chile valued at Rs. 4 lakhs. Arrivals of mica from Brazil and Argentina amounted to about 1,200 cwts.

On the export side, India supplied as usual jute bags and cloth, exports of which were valued at Rs. 3.99 lakhs as compared with 3.13 lakhs in 1938/39. Argentine took 1.6 million gunny bags valued at Rs. 9 lakhs; Chile 7.8 million bags valued at Rs. 20 lakhs and Peru 8.3 million bags valued at Rs. 31 lakhs.—United Press.

Greeks Capture New Points Of Vantage

LAUNCH SEVERAL SHARP ATTACKS, ATTAIN THEIR OBJECTIVE

LONDON, Feb. 9.

Greek troops have resumed their push north of Klissura, a key town on the central front in Albania, where Mussolini's Black-shirts left thousands of dead on the battle field after their most disastrous counter-attack of the war two days ago, according to the Athens radio to-night.

The counter-attack was carried out by 15,000 Black-shirts, but was completely smashed by the Greeks.

Now the Greeks, launching several sharp attacks, have captured new points of vantage on the Klissura front. Further west, offensive operations against the Italians have resulted in the Greeks attaining their objectives.

Heavy casualties were inflicted on the enemy and a large quantity of arms was captured. Several Italian soldiers have deserted to the Greek lines.—Reuter.

WAVELL'S TROOPS HEADING FOR TRIPOLI

LONDON, Feb. 10.

The news of the rapid and very considerable advance in Libya as far as El Agheila on the Gulf of Sirte seems to indicate that the great decision has been taken and that Gen. Wavell's army is pushing on rapidly towards Tripoli, writes Reuter's Military Commentator.

This was foreshadowed in my last message, in which it was pointed out that the risk and the difficulties of such an advance were not so much military as physical in fact it was the question of supply.

The military resources of the Fascist army in Libya must be almost destroyed and no formidable army can be collected to meet the British forces at the end of its long advance for many thousand more prisoners and much equipment must have fallen into British hands at Benghazi.

OF GREAT VALUE TO BRITAIN

Moreover, to add to the tremendous moral and material losses which the Italians have suffered, the capture of so many generals and their staff must create most serious difficulties for them. On the other hand, there are so many great prizes offered to the British by the early capture of Tripoli that it is worth every effort. Both to the British navy and the air force, Tripoli will be of immense value, its capture will have powerful and adverse influences on the German plans and do much to strengthen the resolution of any wavering Government.

It seems as if the German air force sent to Sicily has already been much weakened by the heavy punishment meted out to it, for the British navy has attacked Genoa itself and swept other areas of the Mediterranean without being molested.

In Abyssinia, the British progress continues and the great danger to Italy's hold on Massawa has evidently been recognised by the Duke of Aosta for he has renewed his front near Kerna and has counter-attacked in a big endeavour to stay the British advance.

Here as everywhere, it is by no means necessary for Britain to make a frontal attack and there is room for turning movements of some scope for an advance on Massawa.—Reuter.

POLICE FIRING IN CALCUTTA

(Continued from page 1)

crowd which persistently stoned tram depot. Six rounds of gas cartridges were fired which resulted in the dispersal of the crowd.

Earlier, the police made a lathi charge in order to disperse the crowd without any success. The situation is under control and the entire area is now being guarded by armed and ordinary police.

This caused some excitement among the bustee people who gathered in hundreds in front of the Raja Bazar Tram Depot, and it is alleged began to attack the tram cars as they were going in and coming out of the depot, injuring thereby over a dozen employees of the Company and breaking glass panes and doors of the tram cars. The injured were removed to hospital by the police who were on the spot within a short while.

The Chief Minister, Mr. A. K Fazlul Huq, and the Home Minister, Sir Nazimuddin, visited the disturbed area, and non-official Muslim leaders were also on the spot to help the police in restoring order.

HOW TROUBLE STARTED.

"It is stated that the police took into custody this morning about seventy-five persons from bustees in the Raja Bazar area in connection with the cutting of overhead wires of the Tramways Company in Upper Circular Road on Saturday.

LATHI CHARGE.

The situation is reported to have deteriorated in the afternoon, and the entire route from Sealdah Station to the Raja Bazar Tram Depot covering about half a mile was lined on either side by large crowds of Muslims of the area. The Home Minister, Sir Nazimuddin, was on the spot for two hours, trying his best to pacify the crowds by making personal appeals.

At about three o'clock the crowds began to pelt stones on the tram depot from all sides, whereupon the police made a lathi charge to disperse them.—A. P.

ARRESTED MEN RELEASED

It is learnt that the mob surrounded the tram depot in the morning, and a part of it entered the depot and attacked the office room with stones and brickbats.

Those arrested early morning from the Rajabazar bustees numbering about 75 have since been released.

UNDER CONTROL

By 6 p.m., the situation was completely brought under control, and the entire disturbed area was cleared of the crowds, and normal traffic was resumed.

CASUALTIES

Ninety-six persons were taken into custody on a charge of rioting at Rajabazar and Moulali, in connection with to-day's disturbances in Upper Circular Road.

Those injured as a result of stone-throwing include five police sergeants and fourteen constables, and an Inspector of the Tramways Company, and several other employees of the company, while about a dozen among the crowds were injured by lathi charge. In all twenty-six people were removed to hospitals, where only about a dozen were detained for treatment.

The trouble, it is learnt, started early in the morning immediately after the police had arrested seventy-five persons in connection with the trouble near the Karbala Tank on Saturday night over the cutting of overhead tramway wires. The report of these arrests having spread in the city, members of the various Akharas in different parts assembled in front of the Beliaghata Police Station and demanded the release of those arrested. The crowd here at one time was estimated at about 15,000 and they left the place only, when assured that the arrested persons had since been released on bail.

MOB IN FRONT OF TRAM DEPOT

Meanwhile, another crowd gathered in front of the Rajabazar Tram Depot and began to attack the depot and the tram cars coming in and going out with stones and brickbats, causing considerable damage to trucks and injuring a number of persons.

Although the situation is now well under control and all other traffic is running as usual, the tram service will not be resumed until to-morrow morning.

TRAMWAYS DID NOT COMPLAIN, SAYS AGENT

Interviewed in this connection, the Agent of the Calcutta Tramways Company said that the incident had come to them as a bombshell. He said that the Company had made no complaints against any persons with regard to the incident that had occurred on Saturday night over the question of removal of overhead wires of the Company's newly constructed lines. The Company, he added, were always anxious to accommodate any reasonable request of the public.

GOVT. PROMISE ENQUIRY

In reply to a query seeking information about the situation at Rajabazar, the Finance Minister, Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, told the Bengal Legislative Council (Upper House) that the situation was now under control. An enquiry, he said, would be made into the matter.—A.P.

Italians Bomb Historic Cathedral

Several People Killed And Wounded

ATHENS, Feb. 10.

Twenty women and children were killed when enemy planes bombed houses and a church at Janina in Epirus on Sunday, says a communique. The historic cathedral of Sainte Sophie Salonika was seriously damaged by bombs which killed and wounded several people there.—Reuter.

R. A. F. Attack Mannheim

LONDON, Feb. 10.

Continuing their onslaughts on German industrial targets R.A.F. bombers it is learned attacked Mannheim on Saturday night.—Reuter.

R. A. F. Planes Over Northern Germany

BERLIN, Feb. 10.

R.A.F. planes were over northern Germany early this (Monday) morning, says the official German News Agency.

It adds that incendiary bombs were dropped.—Reuter.

Italian Planes Destroyed

CAIRO, Feb 9.

Eight Italian aeroplanes were destroyed on the ground at Alomata in Abyssinia, states an R.A.F. Middle East communique.—Reuter.

WILLKIE PLEADS FOR FULL U. S. AID TO BRITAIN

Says If England Collapses, America Will Be Involved In War

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.

"In my judgment if we give all aid to Britain, we are likely to stay out of war while if we do not give all aid, we shall probably become involved in war", declared Mr. Wendell Willkie at a press conference to-day.

Mr. Willkie declined to make a direct statement about the prospect of a British victory and added: "If Britain collapses, the chances of the United States being involved in war are very great".

Mr. Willkie expressed the opinion that Britain's high morale must be taken into account in considering the chances of any invasion attempt.—Reuter.

Air Attache On Staff Of Union's Minister To U. S.

JOHANNESBURG, Feb. 10

The South-African Government has appointed Brigadier J Holthouse as Air Attache on the staff of the Union's Minister to the United States.

Brigadier Holthouse was formerly Director General of Air Services in South Africa.

He is already in Washington where he has been for some time on a mission in connection with the purchase of aircraft and certain other military stores for South Africa.—Reuter.

HARRY HOPKINS LEAVES FOR U. S.

LONDON, Feb. 10

Mr. Harry Hopkins, President Roosevelt's personal representative, has concluded his mission to England and left for the United States, according to a statement issued by the American Embassy here today (Monday).—Reuter

Renewed Hope For Br. Will To Victory

U. S. PRESS ON CHURCHILL'S SPEECH: "SOBER HONESTY IN HIS APPRAISAL OF DANGERS CONFRONTING BRITAIN"

NEW YORK, Feb. 10.

All current indications suggest that Mr. Churchill's speech last night came at precisely the correct psychological moment when it is most welcome to American public opinion. The news of the British triumphs in North Africa and anticipation of Mr. Wendell Willkie's statements on his return from a successful tour of Britain have galvanised public interest in all sections of the United people in foreign affairs. This interest has been consolidated by Mr. Churchill's speech which was heard perfectly in most parts of the United States and was received practically with unanimous approval from the nation's most influential newspapers.

ASSURANCE TO CHURCHILL

The "New York Times" in an article headed "Churchill's confidence" declares that the Britain's Prime Minister need have no fear that his final plea will go unanswered.

A powerful comparison between the speech and "the profound silence surrounding Mussolini or the fanatic compound of rambling historical distortions and unsupported boasting which recently emanated from Berlin" is drawn by the New York "Herald Tribune". Comparison forces the realisation, says this influential newspaper, that the slow massing of British warlike power is tremendous for it can strike a crushing blow with decisive effect. "One would not like to be an Italian Fascist or a German Nazi listening to that broadcast" the paper adds.

BR. WILL TO VICTORY

Leading newspapers outside New York are also profoundly impressed. The "Washington Post" declares that American listeners would find renewed hope in the speech for the British will to victory.

The Cleveland "Plain Dealer" pays a tribute to Mr. Churchill's sober honesty in his appraisal of the dangers confronting his people and the world, while the Kansas City "Star" expresses satisfactions that Britain does not want the American army but does want American war materials. The "St. Louis Globedispatch" makes this comment: "Mr. Churchill expressed staunch confidence that the British people can and will meet as attack on the Isles. In that confidence we share."—Reuter.

Conference Of Australian Defences

MELBOURNE, Feb. 10.

A conference on Australian defences is being held, Sir Robert Brookepopham, Commander-in-Chief, the Far East, who arrived here by air to-day (Monday).

He is conferring with Mr. John McEwen, Dominion Air Minister and the chiefs of Dominion Service Staffs.—Reuter.

Bridge On Burma Road Bombed–Claims Tokyo

TOKYO, Feb 10.

JAPANESE NAVAL AIRCRAFT ON SUNDAY BOMBED AND HEAVILY DAMAGED A SUSPENSION BRIDGE LINK ON THE BURMA ROAD ON UPPER REACHES OF SALWEEN RIVER IN YUNNAN PROVINCE, CLAIMS A COMMUNIQUE FROM THE JAPANESE FLEET IN SOUTH CHINA WATERS.

The Japanese also claim to have bombed and set fire to military establishments and factories in Kunming.—Reuter.

SEVERAL BUILDINGS SET ABLAZE

Indo-China Cable On Bombing Of Burma Road

LONDON, Feb. 10.

Japanese aircraft on Sunday bombed several times and damaged the Hiutung (Salwin) bridge on the Burma Road, according to an official despatch cabled here from Indo-China.

The bridge had been repaired recently following previous Japanese bombing damage on November 29, said the message. Formations of Japanese naval aircraft also bombed Dunming at the Chinese end of the Burma Road, according to a "communique' from the Japanese South China Fleet.

Despite heavy anti-aircraft fire, says the "communique" direct hits were made on Kunming Munition factories and various buildings were set ablaze.—Reuter.

Hiutung Bridge Damaged

TOKYO, Feb. 10.

Japanese aircraft yesterday bombed Hiutung bridge on the Burma Road, severely damaging it, according to an official statement published here to-day—Reuter.

Chinese Communists

CHUNGKING, Feb. 9.

A categorical denial was given here, to-day by the Chinese military spokesman to the rumours that Chinese Communists were forming an independent army or that punitive measures against them had been taken or were contemplated. The Communist forces were now simply one section (about two percent) of the Chinese National Forces.—Reuter.

LONDON, Feb. 10.

Enemy air activity was reported from several parts of the country last night and London had its first after dark alert for five nights, but it was of short duration. The all-clear being sounded **well before midnight.—Reuter.**

CANNED FOOD "KING" DEAD

Obituaries Of Outstanding Interest

LONDON, Feb. 10.

Obituaries of outstanding interest come from the United States to-day.

One is the death at Charleston, South Carolina, of Elizabeth Countess Russell, widow of the Second Earl Russell and Authoress of "Elizabeth and Her German Garden" written when she was the wife of Count Henning August Arnim.

The second death is that of M. Howard Heinz the canned food "King" at Pittsburgh at the age of sixty-three. He was President of the famous Heinz Food Company.—Reuter

NAZI "TOURISTS" IN BULGARIA

LONDON, Feb. 10

According to an American commentator over the Ankara Radio last night, a large number of Nazi 'tourists' in civilian clothes are now in Bulgaria and their number is increasing every day. On the other side of the River Danube, Germans continue to store up vast quantities of military materials.—A. P.

Former Transport Minister Dead

LONDON, Feb. 10.

Captain Euan Wallace, a former Minister of Transport, died in London to-day (Monday) aged 48. At the time of his death, he was senior Regional Commissioner for Civil Defence in London.—Reuter.

FORMER CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS DEAD

LONDON, Feb. 10.

The death is announced of Sir Hugh Murray.—Reuter.

Sir Hugh Murray was born on April 27, 1861. He entered Imperial Forest Service in 1882, was Senior Conservator of Forests, Bombay, and Additional Member of Bombay Legislative Council. He retired in 1911 and was employed in War Office, was Assistant Forestry Commissioner for England and Wales in 1918.

Bombay City Fathers Not To Court Jail

SATYAGRAHA ARRESTS AND CONVICTIONS: PROGRESS OF MOVEMENT

The President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee writes:—

Pursuant to instructions received in connection with the Congress Party in the Bombay Municipal Corporation, Municipal Councillors belonging to the Congress Party who were to have offered Satyagraha have been asked to refrain from doing so for the present.

In Gujarat

AHMEDABAD.—Mr. Jayshanker Keshavlal Dave was arrested to-day while offering Satyagraha at Visalpur in Ahmedabad District.

Mr. Vasudev Ganpatram Vaidya, President of the Sanand Taluka Congress Committee, who was arrested at Sanand while offering Satyagraha was tried and sentenced to-day to six months' simple imprisonment.

ARRESTED IN AHMEDABAD DISTRICT

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Feb. 10.

Satyagraha was again launched in Ahmedabad District and Shankalbhai Patel was arrested at Visalpar in Dascroi Taluka this morning.

Mr. Vasantrao Nagiste, Socialist worker will offer Satyagraha to-morrow morning from city.

In Maharashtra:

ALIBAG CONGRESS LEADER SENT TO JAIL

ALIBAG, Feb 10.—Mr. J. V. Lele, a prominent Congress worker and Advocate of Alibag was arrested this morning for delivering an anti-war speech. He was immediately placed before the First Class Magistrate, Alibag and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment and fined Rs. 500, in default additional six months' rigorous imprisonment.

POONA:—A supplementary list of 195 candidates to offer Satyagraha from Maharashtra has been accepted by Mahatma Gandhi. They will be offering Satyagraha by giving notices to the District Collectors in various districts.

In C. P. & Berar:

JUBBULPORE:—47 Congressmen, including two M.L.A's. offered Satyagraha during the last week in Mahakoshal and courted arrest.

The number of the "bonafide" 'Satyagrahis' has now reached to 2,411 against 2,270 in the preceding week.

WARDHA:—Mr. Zamaji Mahalle who offered Satyagraha today at Kharangana, 18 miles from Wardha was arrested and brought to Wardha jail. The trial will be held to-morrow.

NAGPUR:—187 persons are in jails in the C. P. now, convicted under the Defence of India Rules including two Security prisoners, stated Mr. C. M. Trivedi, Chief Secretary at a press conference this afternoon.

In all 57 M.L.A.'s had been convicted, he added, 52 of them for having offered Satyagraha and five for having made prejudicial speeches.

One who was sentenced to imprisonment had been released and four others had been only fined. The number of M.L.A's undergoing imprisonment at present is thus 52.

YEOTMAL:—Mr. Champalal, a boy, offered Satyagraha here to-day, but was not arrested.

NAGPUR:—Following are Satyagraha convictions—Mr. Jagannath Baghel of Pothari—one week's imprisonment. Mr. Chhatrapati Dubey of Gondia—fined Rs. 100.

The following were arrested in connection with Satyagraha:—

Mr. Mahadeorao Kubde of Amraoti Taluk Congress Committee, Mr. Jaweri, President of the Gondia Taluk Congress Committee, Mr. Kanhaiyalal Lunia, and Mr. Domarsingh of Sukala Village.

The following offered Satyagraha but were not arrested:—

Mr. G. L. Khandelwal of Ellichpur, Mr. Bhaiyalal Misra, President, Arjuni Congress Committee, Mr. Tarachand of Khisora, Mr. Dwarkadas Pungalia of Raipur Mr. S. G. Bokare, Member, Chanda District Council, Mr. R. G. Nagpure of Saoner, Mr. B. R. Deshmukh, President, Saoner Taluk Congress Committee, Mr. Sitaram Karemore of Bhandara and Mr. Vishwanath Telang of Nagpur.

In The Punjab:

JULLUNDUR.—Four Satyagrahis were arrested to-day in Jullundur District, according to reports received here.

Maulvi Mohammad Anwar, Chaudhri Santa Singh, and Mr. Gurbaksh Rai "Baghi" were arrested under the Defence of India Rules at Apra, Bilga and Nawanshahar Doaba respectively while Mr. Chandoo Lal, offered Satyagraha at Phillaur and was taken into custody.

AMRITSAR, Feb. 10.

Mr. Kanwarlal Sharma, fifth Satyagrahi from Amritsar, was arrested this afternoon when offering Satyagraha at a public meeting under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

SEARCHES IN MULTAN

LAHORE, Feb. 9.

The police searched the houses of Seth Mahesh Chandra, President, and Dr. Jagdish Chandra, General Secretary of the District Congress Committee, and seven other members of the Working Committee of the D. C. C., states a report from Multan.

Nothing objectionable was recovered, adds the report, except two alleged Communist papers from the house of Krishanlal, who was arrested under the Defence of India Rules.

A report from Jhang states that Dev Raj, a Congress worker, was arrested at Jhang for offering Satyagraha.—A. P.

Raid On Punjab Congress Office

LAHORE, Feb. 10.

The Multan police in conjunction with the local police raided the office of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee at Bradlaugh Hall to-day. The search lasted over three hours. The police are reported to have seized some circulars issued to subordinate Congress Committees.

The police searched yesterday the houses of eight Congress workers at Khanewal and arrested Dr. Jagdish Chandra, General Secretary of the Multan Congress Committee and another Congressman and seized some papers.—A. P.

In Bengal

EX-CHIEF OF T.U.C. JAILED

CALCUTTA, Feb. 10.

Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerji, M. L. A. (Labour) Former president of the All-India Trade Union Congress was sentenced to-day by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate at Alipore to ten months' rigorous imprisonment under the Defence of India Rules. Dr. Banerji was prosecuted on a charge of delivering an anti-war speech at Chitraganj (Budge-Budge) on February.—

CALCUTTA:—Seven persons, namely, Sreemati Hari Ben, Dhala Singh, Satyadeo Sarma, Raj Narain Lal, Umasankar Sastri, Ramnath Singh and Prem Chandra Misra offered Satyagraha to-day in different parts of the city, but none of them was arrested.

Dibakar Ghosh Hazra and Kshirode Kumar Mitra Majumder have been arrested for offering Satyagraha this morning in Murshidabad village and have been taken to Jangipur for trial.

Mr. Dasarathi Choudhury, Vice-President and Mr. Surendra Nath Das, Secretary of the Tangail Sub-Divisional Congress Committee had Mr. Amiya Nath Roy, Secretary of the Town Congress Committee, Tangail, have been arrested on a charge of violating restraint orders.

Gouranga Mehar has been sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100, in default further two months' imprisonment by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate at Bargarh (Sambalpur) for shouting anti-war slogans. Masat Tajan, Alban Bag and Keshab Behera have been arrested for offering Satyagraha at different places in the district.

Sanat Kumar Ganguly offered Satyagraha this morning near Curzon Gate in Burdwan town, but he was not arrested.

In Andhra

MADRAS:—Seven hundred fifty Congressmen have offered Satyagraha in Andhra since the commencement of the movement on November 26, 1940, says a report on the progress of Satyagraha just issued by the General Secretary of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee.

Out of those arrested, 5 have been detained without trial. 651 have been sentenced, the sentences ranging from detention till the rising of court to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment. Total fines imposed come to Rs 67,571.

Of 27 A.I.C.C. members, 21 have offered Satyagraha, 13 of them being legislators.

58 Legislators have courted imprisonment so far, of whom 3 are ex-Ministers and 4 ex-Parliamentary Secretaries. 21 of those convicted have been placed in "A" class, 132 in "B" class, and 498 in "C" class.

In Tamil Nad

MADRAS, Feb. 10.

Three more Satyagrahis—Messrs. R. Govindarajulu, Secretary Peddunaickenpet Congress Sabha, M. A. Govindarajulu Chetty, Secretary, Kotwal Bazaar Congress Sabha, and A. L. Swami, Member, First Circle Congress Sabha—were convicted by the Chief Presidency Magistrate under the Defence of India Rules to-day and sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment each.—A. P.

C. N. MUTHURANGA MUDALIAR JAILED

MADRAS, Feb. 10.

Mr. C. N. Muthuranga Mudaliar was convicted by the Presidency Magistrate and sentenced to three months' simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 300 in default to three months' further simple imprisonment. He was placed in "A" Class.

Mr. Mudaliar said that he did not wish to take part in the proceedings but made a statement.—A. P.

In Bihar:

PATNA.—One hundred and sixty Congressmen have been so far arrested in connection with the Satyagraha movement in the Province, according to the report prepared by the Provincial Congress Committee for submission to the A.I.C.C. shortly.

Of these five are members of the Central Legislature, 52 of the Provincial Legislative Assembly, three of the Provincial Council and 13 of the A.I.C.C. The list includes nine ladies also.

Of the total convictions 35 persons have been awarded fines ranging from Rs. 5 to Rs. 100.

How Pt. Pant Spends His Time In Jail

ALMORA, Feb. 10.

Spinning wool for two hours or more every day and in literary pursuits, during the greater part of the afternoon is how U. P. ex-Premier, Pandit Gobind Ballabh Pant, is spending his time in the District Jail.

Every morning he joins his colleagues in their prayers.—A. P.

Satyagrahis Released

ALMORA, Feb. 10.

Messrs. Pitamber Pande, Editor, "Jagrit Janta", and Pandit Gobind Sharma, organiser of the Nainital District Congress Committee, have been released on completion of their terms of imprisonment.—A. P.

"Dictator" Of Almora Congress

ALMORA, Feb. 10.

In accordance with Mahatma Gandhi's instructions, Mr. Satish Chandra Pant has been appointed "Dictator" of the Almora District Congress Committee.—A. P.

Labour Organiser Jailed

CALCUTTA, Feb. 10

Paban Pramanik, a Labour Organiser, was sentenced today by the Sub-Divisional Officer of Howrah to 18 months' hard labour on a charge of possessing prejudicial leaflets.—A. P.

Mrs. Maniben Maganlal Parikh, who was arrested at Ghatkopar on Monday morning under the Defence of India Rules and was convicted by the Resident Magistrate Kurla, and sentenced to one day's S. I. and a fine of Rs. 50 in default a month's S. I.

TO-DAY'S SATYAGRAHA BATCH

R. P. Singh, Batuk Desai & Dandekar Intimate Police Chief

BOMBAY, Monday.

A batch of three Congressmen from Bombay including Mr. Rudra Pratapsingh, Vice-President of the "F" Ward Congress Committee, Mr. Batuk Desai, a city journalist and member of the "D" Ward Congress Committee, and Mr. Manohar Dinanath Dandekar, member of the "D" Ward Congress Committee, gave intimation to the Commissioner of Police today of their intention to offer Satyagraha in the city to-morrow.

Mr. Singh proposes to offer Satyagraha at Kamgar Maidan, Parel, at 6-30 p m. Mr. Batuk Desai proposes to offer Satyagraha opposite the Wilson College, Chowpatty, about the same time. Mr. Dandekar intends offering Satyagraha at Vithalbhai Patel Road, near Congress House at 6 p. m.

The next batch of three Satyagrahis from the city proposes to offer Satyagraha on Thursday.

SUBURBAN LADY SATYAGRAHI ARRESTED

BOMBAY, Monday.

After a brief respite of four days, the Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee resumed the Satyagraha campaign on Monday, when Mrs. Maniben Parikh offered Satyagraha at Gandhi Chowk, Ghatkopar at 8-30 a.m. She was arrested after she had raised anti-war slogans several times and was taken to Kurla for trial.

Mrs. Parikh was placed before the Resident Magistrate, Kurla on Monday morning and was sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 in default one month S. I.

MESSRS HARRIS AND FAKIH TO OFFER SATYAGRAHA

The latest list of Satyagrahis for Maharashtra includes the names of two Muslims from Thana District. They are Mr. Moinuddin Harris, editor of the "Ajmal" daily of Bombay and Mr. Mustafa G. Fakih, lately Assistant Government Pleader and first Assistant Public Prosecutor for Kolaba District at Thana. Both Mr. Harris and Mr. Fakih propose to offer Satyagraha from their respective places, namely, Bassein and Bhiwandi. The date fixed is Friday the 14th instant.

Mr. Harris will offer Satyagraha in the afternoon at 2-30 p.m. shortly after Friday prayers, while Mr. Fakih will follow in the evening at 6 p.m.

Mr. Fakih resigned his post recently to participate in the Satyagraha movement.

Mr. Harris who is the founder of the "Ajmal Daily" of Bombay and has been conducting the paper for the last twelve years has left the charge of the paper in order to participate in the Satyagraha movement. He is also a member of the Thana District School Board and the Rural Development Board of the Thana and Bombay Suburban Districts.

SIGN PLEDGE BEFORE TUESDAY

Wardha T. C. C.'s Ultimatum To Office-Bearers

WARDHAGANJ, Feb. 10.

It is reliably understood that the Wardha Taluka Congress Committee has sent a circular to all office bearers and representatives on the Taluka and members of the Ward and Village Congress Committees, either to fill in the Satyagraha forms intimating their willingness for offering Satyagraha, its time, date and place, before Tuesday the 11th February or to resign their seats by that time otherwise, their seats will be declared vacant and no fresh elections or appointments are being made for same.—A. P.

ARRESTS AT CAWNPORE

CAWNPORE, Feb. 10

Raj Kumar Sinha, ex-Kakory prisoner and Bijoy Kumar Sinha, ex-Lahore Conspiracy Case prisoner, both offered Satyagraha today and were arrested under the Defence of India Rules.

Mrs. Sheo Devi, wife of Mr. Raja Ram Sastri, a Congress leader of Cawnpore, was sentenced to three months' simple imprisonment by the District Magistrate.—A. P.

Assam Congress M.L.A.s To Be Absent 'En Bloc'

GAUHATI (Assam), Feb. 9.

It is gathered from well-informed circles that the Congress members of the Assam Legislative Assembly will remain absent "en bloc" from the next budget session of the Legislature, which begins on March 3.

This step is stated to have been taken by the party in pursuance of instructions issued from Congress headquarters.—A. P.

Searches And Arrests In Bangalore

BANGALORE, Feb. 9.

Messrs. N. D. Shanker and K. S. Kumaran, President and Secretary respectively of Binny Mills Strike Committee, were arrested early this morning at their residence under the Mysore Public Security Act.

Their rooms were searched and files relating to the strike sealed.—A. P.

Fire In Shikarpur Village

KARACHI, Feb. 10.

Six shops were gutted and two others were damaged as the result of a fire in a Sind canal village in Shikarpur. A group of miscreants, after removing the goods lying in the shops, are reported to have set fire to them. The loss is estimated at Rs. 10,000.—A. P.

MALAYALEE AMATEURS STAGE FINE SOCIAL DRAMA

Members of the Bombay Malayalee Amateur Dramatic Society provided an enjoyable four hours on Saturday evening when they put on boards "Prema Vaichithriam" in aid of the Building Fund of the Bombay Keraleeya Samaj. The play is written by Mr. N. P. Chellappan Nair of Travancore and is centred round love and marriage in their relation to social life. It is full of dramatic situations and Malayalee Amateurs did ample justice to it.

Dr. P. G. Pillai as the imposter journalist was excellent, while Mr. R. G. Nair as Krishnanuni Kartha did his part well. Dr. P. S. Nair as Sasidharan was appreciated. Veera raghavan Nair as Madhavi was charming and, at the climax, he was able to move the audience. K. G. Pal as Kalyani Amma portrayed a poor mother doting on her fair daughter with success. K. S. Parameswaran as Vilasani had a strenuous role to play.

The Amateurs deserve to be congratulated on the creditable manner in which they acquitted themselves and it is to be hoped that would give the Malayalam speaking people in Bombay many more performances of the kind.

LAW JOTTINGS

(Continued from Page 6)

would allow a third party notice but not a fourth party notice, still less a fifth party notice. The reason is that a fourth party or any subsequent notice lies only in respect of a claim to "contribution or indemnity" while a third party notice lies also in respect of "any relief or remedy" or "any question or issue" relating to the original subject matter of the suit. Whether this difference is due to inadvertance on the part of the Rule-making Authority or is deliberately designed to avoid too many complications in one and the same suit is a matter of conjecture. But in any event it would always be open for E to file a separate suit against D within the period of limitation and for D to have a third party notice issued against C in that suit.

On 27th April, 1937, Mrs. Dann (the Plaintiff) was the occupant of a car driven by one Mr. Hamilton. The car met with an accident in which Mr. Hamilton was killed and Mrs Dann injured. Mrs. Dann then sued Mrs. Hamilton as representing her husband's estate for damages. Mrs. Hamilton pleaded *Volenti Non Fit Injuria* (where the sufferer is willing no injury is done). Her defence was that at the time Mrs. Dann entered the car she knew full well that Mr. Hamilton was under the influence of drink to such an extent as to be incapable of having control of the car and that she voluntarily undertook that risk. £235-19sh-4d were awarded as damages by the court on the ground that this defence could only avail in cases of an extreme type of which this was not one. Justice Asquith remarked: "There may be cases in which the drunkenness of the driver at the material time is so extreme and glaring that to accept a lift from him is like engaging in an intrinsically and obviously dangerous occupation like intermeddling with an unexploded bomb or walking on the edge of an unfenced cliff."

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Overheard by my fifth columnist, who eavesdropped at the door of Herr Hitler's room at the German Chancellory—Herr Hitler to Herr Von Ribbentrop: "When you were in England, did you see anything of these Australians?" Ribbentrop: "Ja, mein Fuhrer, I did. Eleven of them beat All England." Herr Hitler: "All England—all of it? Mein Gott and they are coming over in thousands!"

I have had a most amazing letter from a "journalist and author" in Madras, who writes: "Kindly permit me to introduce myself as a brother-journalist. I am writing a biography of Mr. M. A. Jinnah.....for which I am busy collecting material..... as one who is interested in the happier side of life, you ought to know a good number of jokes and ancedotes connected with Mr. Jinnah.....I propose bringing out the book in April next.....!!" Well, fancy writing a biography of Mr. Jinnah and asking me for jokes. If you can't see the joke, well, you just can't see it. And listen, brother, you'll have to step on it, if you think of getting a biography ready by April and you are still at the joke chapter. All I can do by way of help is to suggest that you interview Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim on the subject. I am told they dress alike.

One of my contributors, who made a suggestion regarding a list of books appears to be hurt about what I said. I am sorry if I gave that impression, because it was unintentional.

MUTT AND JEFF—And Jeff Liked School So Well He Stayed in Third Grade Eight Years **By BUD FISHER**

BOY, YOU CERTAINLY ARE DUMB! DON'T YOU KNOW THAT FIVE AND FIVE ARE TEN?
YEH, THAT'S WHAT I SAID! TEN! YOU DIDN'T HEAR ME, I GUESS!
OH, YEAH? HOW MUCH IS SIX AND FOUR?
-ER- ELEVEN!
ELEVEN? SIX AND FOUR ELEVEN?
WELL, IF IT AIN'T ELEVEN WHAT IS IT?
SIX AND FOUR ARE TEN!
TEN? JUST A MINUTE AGO YOU TOLD ME FIVE AND FIVE ARE TEN!
PHOOEY! AND YOU GOT THE NERVE TO CALL ME DUMB!
10-18

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W. I. TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS

Heavy Programme For To-day: Entries Promise Keen Competition

This afternoon will see the start of the Western India Tennis Championships and a heavy programme is down for decision. The venue as usual are the courts of the Bombay Gymkhana.

It is regrettable that Ghaus Mohamed has had to withdraw from the tournament. Ghaus has been acknowledged. India's best and a host of fans would have liked to have seen him in action.

There is, however, plenty of talent in the list of entries, which should keep the tournament quite up to the usual high standard and provide plenty of good tennis.

Among the men we have F. Bekkevold, the Rasik Kumar of Wankaner, P. F. Kaikobad, M. V. Bobbjee, R. N. Pandit, J. Charanjiva, K. K. Dastoor and C. W. Barker of Bangalore.

Miss Leela Row's name stands out among the women competitors. Miss K. Haji is sure to extend Miss Row. She played well last year but is distinctly better this year. Other players of note are Miss Phylis D'Lima, Mrs. Johnstone, Miss L. Merchant, Miss Mohini Jhangiane and Mrs. Maine.

The following is the full programme of games for to-day:—

Court No. 2: 4 p.m.—P. J. Roy vs. R. N. Gundil 4-45 p.m.—Man Mohan vs. M. N. Sidhva. 5-30 p.m. C. M. Khatau vs. M. V. Bobjee.

Court No. 3: 4 p.m.—R. R. Rula vs. N. D. Sethna 4-45 p.m. S. G. Row vs. G. Hanib. 5-30 p.m.—E. Samukawa vs. H. J. H. Talyarkhan.

Court No. 4: 4 p.m.—R. K. Sanghani vs. J. J. Ghia. 4-45 p.m.—K. V. B. Singh vs. F. Bekkevold 5-30 p.m.—S. A. Azim vs. Capt. Ghose.

Court No. 5: 4 p.m.—N. N. Damala vs. M. R. Merchant. 4-45 p.m.—H. K. Shivdasani vs. A. Peermahomed. 5-30 p.m.—C. C. Kaji vs. N. Balaram.

Court No. 6: 4 p.m.—J. N. Kantawala vs. G. D. Bhagat. 4-45 p.m.—K. L. Dalaya vs. D. G. Desai. 5-30 p.m.—A. J. Wadia vs. A. Shivdasani.

Court No. 7: 4 p.m.—V. P. Khatau vs. N. V. Limaye. 4-45 p.m.—L. M. Khatau vs. Y. M. Bhave. 5-30 p.m.—Madan Mohan vs. Engr. Lt. T. B. Bose.

Court No. 8: 4 p.m.—R. N. Pandit vs. S. S. Shirgaokar. 4-45 p.m.—I. N. Laljee vs. J. E. Wynne. 5-30 p.m.—O. Sutton vs. K. K. Dastur.

Tennis

MISS HAJI WINS DUAL HONOURS

Miss K. Haji brought off a double triumph in the Princess Victoria Mary Gymkhana open tennis tournament on Monday, when she annexed the Singles title and the Doubles event in partnership with Mrs. Kania. Miss Haji, who came into the limelight last year, is definitely playing better than ever and earned the double crown worthily. She is very much faster on the court now and all her strokes are executed with precision and have the token of experience, evidently gained by conscientious practice. It will be interesting to see Miss Haji meet Miss Leela Row in the Western India Championships.

Results:—

SINGLES: Miss K. Haji beat Mrs. Johnstone, 6—3, 6—1.

DOUBLES: (Semi-Final). Mrs. Captain and Mrs. Seddon beat Mrs. Johnstone and Mrs. Maine 9—7, 6—1; (Final) Miss K. Haji and Mrs. Kania beat Mrs. Seddon and Miss Captain 6—4, 6—4.

Central India Lawn Tennis

ALLAHABAD: Feb. 9.

The following are the results of the finals in the Central India Lawn Tennis Championships:—

MEN'S SINGLES: Sohan Lal beat D. N. Capoor, 8/6, 6/4, 6/2.

WOMEN'S SINGLES: Mrs. Massey beat Miss Woodbridge, 6/4, 2/2 (Miss Woodbridge retired).

MEN'S DOUBLES: Brooke-Edwards and D. N. Capoor beat Sohan Lal and Partner, 6/0, 1/6, 6/0, 6/1.

Madras Olympics For Women

SAIDAPET: Feb. 8.

In the Madras Olympic Sports for Women held at the Y.M.C.A. College of Physical Education, Saidapet, this evening Doveton Corrie Girls' High School won the championship with 51 points, the Doveton Teachers' Training School being second with 21 pts. The Church Park Training School and the Y.M.C.A. College of Physical Education got the third and the fourth places with 12 and 10 pts. respectively.

Six institutions took part in the sports and there were 56 competitors.—A. P.

CRICKET

Maharashtra Beat Western India States

Fourth Pair Contribute 342 Runs: Sohoni's Third Successive Century In Ranji Trophy Cricket

W. I. S. C. A. (1st Innings) 459
Maharashtra (1st Innings) for 3 wickets 460

RAJKOT, Feb. 10.

A great partnership between Sohoni and Hazare which, by itself, made victory certain for Maharashtra was the feature of the third day's play in the Western Zone Semi-Final of the Ranji Tournament. Saeed Ahmad and Akber Khan the opening bowlers maintaind an accurate length but it was soon evident that the Maharashtra pair was bent on wearing down tactics, scoring mainly in well placed singles with Sohoni in the nineties. Saeed Ahmad and Nyal Chand returned to the attack, but nothing could shake Sohoni's confidence. Eventually after batting for no less than five hours, Sohoni reached his individual hundred—a unique feat as it is his third consecutive three-figure innings in Ranji Trophy cricket.

The batsmen pursued their tactics relentlessly, and never did the bowlers show that they had the means to beat them. At the lunch interval, the total was 257 for three wickets.

SOHONI DROPPED

When the game was resumed after lunch, Sohoni should have been caught off Akber Khan in the slips, but Saeed Ahmad dropped the catch. By pulling Prithvi Raj to the boundary, Hazare then brought his own individual century on the board, after he had been batting for just over three and half hours.

Both batsmen now adopted bolder methods and a very brisk rate of scoring was maintained. By adding more than 270 runs between them, the pair had completely changed the complexion of the game, and the home side was definitely in a losing position.

At tea time the total was 387 for three wickets.

The match being limited to three days, Maharashtra had only to top their opponents' total of 459 runs to ensure victory. This was achieved by their overnight pair who occupied the wicket throughout the day and added between them 342 runs after one of the most tenacious stands ever seen in Ranji Cricket. The domination of the batsmen over the bowlers was complete, and Maharashtra forced their victory by sheer determination despite the handicap of a strange wicket. Sohoni reached his 200 simultaneously with the 400 of the innings. The W. I. S. C. A. made a last effort to stave off defeat but the batsmen put on pressure and at 4-45 the winning stroke was made that took the Maharashtra total past the 459 mark. Sohoni was batting altogether for 503 minutes.

Scores:—

W. I. S. C. A. (1st Innings):—459

MAHARASHTRA (1st Innings)

Sohoni, (not out)	218
R. V. Bhajekar, b Nyalchand	35
Nimbalkar, c Shantilal, b S. Ahmed	16
Prof. Deodhar, b Akber Khan	4
Hazare, (not out)	164
Extras	23
Total (for 4 wkts.) ...	460

BOWLING

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Saeed Ahmed	46	9	76	1
Akbar Khan	41	12	123	1
Shanti Lal	25	4	74	0
Nyalchand	39	13	96	1
Prithvi Raj	16	2	44	0
Umer Khan	2	0	5	0
Manavadar	2	0	11	0
Baritt	1	0	8	0

Rowdy Scenes At Hockey Match

Spectators Demonstrate Angrily After Championship Game

Unfortunate refereeing led to ugly scenes on the B. P. H. A. ground on Monday and an angry host of spectators were hostile towards the official. The incident that led up to the stone-throwing and angry demonstrations occurred in the last half of the second match of the evening. Here, the Lusitanians "A" and the B. B. and C. I. Railway "B" met in the first round of the Bombay Provincial Hockey Championship. The B. B. and C. I Railway were leading by a goal and the Lusis were fighting back, when Referee Critchell rightly awarded a penalty bully for an infringement by R. Fernandes. At this juncture occurred the blunder that caused all the turmoil.

R. Fernandes, the Lusitanian offender and Almeida, of the B. B. and C. I. took the penalty bully. Fernandes failed to touch Almeida's stick the third time instead he struck the ball. Referee Critchell held this to be an infringement and awarded a goal. This is not in keeping with the Rules, which require of the Referee, that if, initially, a penalty bully is taken wrongly by the defaulter he should be warned and a second bully-off allowed if the defaulter breaks the rule again, a penalty goal should be the sequel. This breach of rules caused immense annoyance to the people in the stands.

REFEREE STONED

Referee Critchell came in for an amount of barracking. Before the game closed he had to appeal for some one to dissuade folk in the stands pelting him with stones. The official when questioned as to his awarding of the penalty goal, gave the cause as mentioned above. This is in contravention to the Rule governing affairs revolving round a penalty-bully.

The Lusitanian officials, after hearing from the Referee the reason for his granting a penalty goal, lodged a protest.

This protest will be attended to a meeting of the Committee of the B. P. H. A. this evening at 6-15 p.m.

This wrong decision certainly influenced the game.

The Railway eventually won by four goals to two and were in a way the better side.

Foster scored in the first half. The penalty goal came next. The Lusitanians then reduced the lead through D'Lima. After this McHugh completed the B. B. and C. I tally with two more goals. M. De Souza scored the losers second goal in the closing stages.

The teams were:—

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY:—Leach; Pereira and Harper; A. De Souza, Heredia and Alwyn; Trevad, Foster, McHugh, Almeida and Loveday.

LUSITANIANS "A":—Roche; R. Fernandes and M. Dias; Max Vaz, C. De Souza and Ferao, S. Pinto, S. De Mello, D'Lima, M. De Souza and Rodriques.

POLICE EXTENDED

One expected "a slaughter of the innocents" in the early match of the evening. This was also a game in the championship. Fans thought the Police would trounce the Law Ramblers by at least a dozen goals. This was not to be. The closing tally was only three goals to one in favour of the Police. The Ramblers stood up wonderfully and gave a number of shocks to the First Division League Champions. The biggest shock came in the initial period. Lazarus had given the Police the lead, the Law Ramblers gallantly struggled, and to the dismay of their opponents, equalised through Debu, the inside left. The Ramblers, eventually, lost, but went down fighting, allowing the Police two more goals. Shanker and Lazarus scored them.

POLICE:—J. A. Scott, Jameson and Hamid I; Hamid II, Adams and Mahmood; Couts, Lazarus, Stanley, Shankar and Abbas.

LAW RAMBLERS:—Coutinho, Cowle and Sethna; Paymaster, C. Silva and Subramania; Mascarenhas, Somaya, Dias, Debu and W. Silva.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES

B. P. H. A. ground—4-0 p.m.—"Times of India" "A" vs. Bombay Port Trust Sports Club; 5-15 p.m. Customs vs. St. Xavier's "B".

No Match Between Baqlava And Finalist

Baqlava is not to race anymore this season. This is the fiat coming from those that control this great horse. Not that they are averse to proving that Baqlava can beat Finalist once again, but, the fact is that, Baqlava is perfectly lame, suffering with a smashed hoof. In fact most people know that Baqlava's hoof trouble was present to some extent when he won the Eclipse Stakes. Only a gallant horse and a champion could do this.

Incidentally this will put an end to the hopes held at many quarters of seeing a match between Baqlava and Finalist. We received several letters calling on us to support the idea of staging a match between Finalist and Baqlava. This was not possible, when we knew that Baqlava did the Eclipse Stakes with a defective hoof and that race must have certainly aggravated the trouble greatly. There was no disagreement with the idea of the match, but we knew that Baqlava just could not race again for some time.

However, one has to wonder that, there are people, yet, who think Finalist is a better one than Baqlava. How they arrive at this conclusion is a teaser. A study of the races where these two have fought for laurels makes Baqlava stand out a better horse.

'Waterloo Deal' For Dictators

(Continued from page 10)

danger in the central Mediterranean, but rather to show that there, as elsewhere, we intend to give a good account of ourselves, but after all the fate of this war will be decided by what happens on the oceans and in the air and above all in this island.

It now seemed certain that the Government and the peoples of the United States intend to supply us with everything necessary for victory."

U. S. Military Help Not Needed

Mr. Churchill recalled that in the last war the United States sent a vast army of men across the Atlantic, but this was not a war of vast armies. We do not need the gallant armies which are now being formed throughout the American Union. We do not need them this year, the next year or as far as I am concerned for any year, but we do need most urgently a supply of war materials and technical apparatus of all kinds.

We need them here and we need to bring them here. We shall need a great mass of shipping in 1942 far more than we can build ourselves, if we are to maintain and expand our war effort in west and east. We must expect Hitler to do his utmost to prey upon our shipping and reduce the volume of American supplies entering Great Britain.

He (Churchill) had never underrated this danger, but he had complete confidence in the ability of the Royal Navy, aided by the coastal command airforce to meet every changing phase of this stalemated struggle and that sustained by the courage of our merchant seamen and dockers and workers of all our ports, we should outwit, outmanoeuvre, outfight and outlast whatever the enemy's malice and ingenuity could contribute to his fight.

Britain Far Stronger Than Ever

Dealing fully with "the greatest issue", Mr. Churchill recalled Sir John Dill's warning yesterday that Hitler might be forced by strategic economic and political stress in Europe to try to invade the British Isles in the near future, and said that warning nobody could disregard. This is a truly mortal struggle and we are working night and day we have everything ready.

Of course, we are far stronger than ever before, incomparably stronger than in July, August and September. Our navy is more powerful, our flotillas more numerous: we are far stronger actually and relatively in the air above these islands than when our fighters beat off and beat down the Nazi attack last autumn. Our army is more numerous, more mobile, far better equipped and trained than in September, and still more than in July.

It is not an easy military operation to invade an island like Great Britain without command of the sea and air and then to face what will be waiting for the invader, but, said Mr. Churchill, he must drop one word of caution. Next to cowardice and treachery, over-confidence leading to neglect and slothfulness was the worst crime.

A Nazi invasion of Britain last autumn would have been a more or less improvised affair. Hitler took it more or less for granted when France surrendered that we should give in too, but we did not and he had to think again.

Must Be Prepared For Gas Attacks

Britain will now be supported by much more equipment and apparatus, all planned and manufactured during the winter. We must be prepared to meet gas attacks, parachute attacks and glider attacks with constancy, foresight and fortitude.

Mr. Churchill emphasised in order to win the war, Hitler must destroy Great Britain. "He may carry heavy forces to the Balkan States, tear great provinces out of Russia, even march to the gates of India. He may spread his curse more widely throughout Europe and Asia, but it will not avert his doom. With every month that passes the many proud and once happy countries he is now holding down by brute force and vile intrigues are learning to hate the treacherous yoke of the Nazi as nothing ever has been hated so fiercely and widely among men before."

Appeal To Roosevelt

Concluding, the Prime Minister referred to the letter of introduction to him given by President Roosevelt to Mr. Wendell Willkie and asked his hearers "What is the answer I shall give in your name to this great man, the thrice-chosen head of a nation of 130 millions. Here is the answer I shall give to President Roosevelt:—

'Put your confidence in us. Give us your faith and your blessing and under providence all will be well. We shall not fail or falter. We shall not weaken or tire. Neither the sudden shock of battle, nor the long-drawn trials of vigilance and exertion will wear us down. Give us the tools and we will finish the job.

THE AIR MENACE

(Continued from page 6)

and parks would make identification of these very difficult. Aerodromes and railway stations are large and cannot be concealed in gardens and they therefore lie outside the city and away from residences. For the same reason factories are located outside the city. Tanks, ponds, wells, and bathing pools would be all over the city to provide dependable and copious supply of water for fire fighting, decontamination and normal peace time purposes. The entire city will be surrounded by a belt of agricultural land growing cereals and pulses. And it would be superfluous to "dig for victory" in times of war.

★

When we critically examine the potentialities of aircraft bombs, the method of air attacks, the method of destruction and damage that a city like this will permit and the rapidity and facility with which it can recover from air attack, it will become evident that the destruction of city structures will be very expensive, dislocation of the supply of essential services will be nearly impossible, and citizens would be absolutely safe. These may not make air attacks impossible but would make raids not worthwhile and inadvisable. Herein lies the chance for cities and civilization to survive the air menace.

The expense and effort of preserving civilization and culture in its modern abode-uncontrolled agglomeration of men and buildings—is prohibitive. 360 thousand pounds a day are needed for partial evacuation and A.R.P. Organisation for England; not to speak of the 16 million pounds expended every day to resist aggression mainly from the air. Is it too much to ask then to spend much less to obtain much more permanent abodes of peace and security for man and his material culture?"

"EMPIRE NOW TAKING OFFENSIVE ACTION"

Canada's Reaction To Churchill's Speech

OTTAWA, Feb. 10.

Mr. Churchill's speech was heard throughout Canada. His statement that this is not a war of vast armies was of special significance for Canadians, who can thus concentrate on the supply of war materials.

Mr. Churchill's warning to the Balkans is believed to prevent an almost immediate drive by the Nazis. The defeat of the Italians in Africa has shown the Canadians that the empire is now taking offensive as well as defensive actions.

Canadians are good-heartedly envious of the activities of the Anzacs and the South Africans. They are unanimously confident in Britain's ability to repel an invasion.—Reuter.

Customs For War Fund Tournament

The Bombay Customs, who have been invited to Delhi to participate in the War Fund Hockey Tournament, leave Bombay on February 12.

This tournament has attracted the best teams in India, in all 47 sides.

Lahore Y. M. C. A. Hockey

LAHORE, Feb. 10.

The Y. M. C. A. Hockey Tournament concluded to-day. The results were:—

FINALS:

SENIOR SECTION: Government College beat 'Varsity Old Boys by one goal to nil.

JUNIOR SECTION: St. Anthony's beat Brothers by two goals to nil.

The Hon. Mr C. P. Skrine, Resident, Punjab States, gave away the prizes.—A. P.

Pachaiyappas Win Again

MADRAS, Feb. 9.

The Pachaiyappas Football Club defeated the Rising Star Club, Nellore, in the final of the Madras United Club Football Tournament by a single goal scored towards the close of the first half. This is the second time they have won this trophy, the last occasion being in 1939.—A. P.

New Delhi Hockey

NEW DELHI, Feb. 10.

Two matches were played in the first round of the Yadavindra Hockey Tournament this afternoon.

The following are the results:

J. H. Infantry 1, Railway Clearings 1.

Oriental Sports 2, Baroda Olympic Association 1.—A. P.

5,74,000 Victoria rupee coins and 1500 half-rupee coins have been deposited at the Patna Branch of Imperial Bank between November 15, 1940 and January 31, 1941 according to the declaration of the Government of India made under the amended India Coinage Act.—United Press.

The Ideal Tonic For Convalescents

HEMO-DRAKSO-MALT contains haemoglobin and assimilable iron that create new rich red blood. Its glycerophosphates, malt extract and pepsin combined with the juice of the finest grapes fortify the entire system.

It is the most delicious way to gain quick energy and strength and is also safe and economical.

ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO., LTD. BARODA.

Alembic's HEMO-DRAKSO-MALT

INDIA'S SUPREME TONIC FOR ALL AGES — AT ALL TIMES

WATER DISTRIBUTION

HUME PIPES

(of Improved quality)

SOME ORDERS EXECUTED

SIZE	PRESSURE lbs.	LENGTH (miles)	PLACE
4"-18"	25	5	Jalna
4"-6"	25	2	Aurangabad
6"	75	3¼	Hyderabad (Deccan)
4"-6"	100	2	Secunderabad
24"	50	6	Hyderabad (Deccan)
4"	85	1¼	Hyderabad (Deccan)
10"	50	2	Sholapur
3"-6"	50	2	Oosmanabad
3"-4"	50	2	Tuljapur
3"-6"		1¼	Lahore
4"	100	2	Pumping at Hyderabad (Deccan)

Hume Pipes, with approximate sizes and lengths mentioned above have been working without bursts or any trouble during the last ten years or less period. Appreciable saving in the pipe cost, Free from rust and tuberculation.

Superior Flow of water and Permanent in Durability.

32 FACTORIES ALL OVER INDIA.

THE INDIAN HUME PIPE COMPANY, LTD., H. O.: BOMBAY 1.

MILLIONS ENJOY WRIGLEY'S DAILY

Millions get pleasure and profit from chewing Wrigley's gum regularly.

Modern soft food leaves particles between the teeth after eating, causing decay. Wrigley's removes them.

It also brightens the tooth enamel and makes the gums strong. Aids digestion. Buy several packets to-day. Two fascinating flavours. P.K. and SPEARMINT. PAT.1.

WRIGLEY'S

Contains No Animal Fat.

"PHOSFERINE TONIC WINE has given me a new lease of life—"

"Depression was getting the upper hand of me and life was one long misery. I did not know what it was to get a good night's sleep and consequently had not the energy to attend to my office duties, and I was feeling desperate.

I decided to try Phosferine Tonic Wine and after the first bottle I was a changed man. Words fail me as regards my appreciation of the benefit I derived from this marvellous tonic".

The warming glow of Phosferine Tonic Wine renews the bright energy of youth; promotes vigour in the prime of life and provides vitality in old age.

PHOSFERINE TONIC WINE

THE CHEAPEST AND MOST PLEASANT WAY TO VITAL HEALTH

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Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1941

"Ankhi-Khoosh"—
"Ankhi-Khoosh"
EYE-DROP
A wonderful specific for Ophthalmia and all Sore and Mattering Eyes, acts like a charm for Tired, Watering or Itching Eyes.
Absolutely Harmless. Very Soothing for the Eyes. Ankhi-Khoosh Never Fails. Ankhi-Khoosh does not smart.
CAN BE HAD FROM ALL CHEMISTS.

Churchill On British Victories In Africa

Britain Will Deal Out To Axis Worse Defeat Than Waterloo

ENGLAND IS READY TO CARRY INVASION INTO ENEMY TERRITORY, HE SAYS

LONDON, February 9.

"We have stood our ground and have faced two dictators in the hour of what seemed their overwhelming triumph and we have shown ourselves capable so far of standing up against them alone" the Prime Minister, Mr. Churchill, opened his broadcast to the nation and the Empire with these words to-night.

In war time there is a lot to be said for the motto "Deeds not words".

All the same it is a good thing to look round from time to time and take stock and certainly our affairs have prospered in several directions during the last four or five months far better than most of us would have ventured to hope.

There began that series of victories in Libya which have broken irretrievably the Italian military power in the African continent. Here then in Libya is the third considerable event upon which we may dwell with some satisfaction.

After referring to the early stages of the British advance in Libya as "the most hazardous advance", Mr. Churchill continued: The brilliant and decisive victory at Sidi Barrani with its tens of thousands of prisoners proved that we had manoeuvring power and weapons superior to the enemy, who had boasted so much of his virility and military virtues.

General Wavell, our able, leader, and all the Allied ardent men, British, Australian and Indian, of the imperial army saw their opportunity. At that time, I ventured to draw General Wavell's attention to the gospel saying mentioned at seventh verse where, as you all know, or ought to know, it is written, "Ask and it shall be given; seek and you shall find: knock and it shall be opened unto you."

The Army of the Nile has asked and it was given. They sought and they have found. They knocked and it has been opened to them.

Arab Tribes Freed

In a campaign of barely eight weeks, which should long be studied as a model of military art, an advance of over 400 miles been made. The whole Italian army in the east—an army reputed to exceed 150,000 men—has been captured or destroyed. The entire province of Cyrenaica, nearly as big as England and Wales has been conquered. The unhappy Arab tribes which have suffered from the brutal Italian rule have been freed.

Egypt and the Suez Canal are safe and the port, base and airfields of Benghazi constitute a strategic point of high consequence to the whole war in the Eastern Mediterranean.

The Prime Minister continued: "How far-reaching the resources of our sea power are, we may see from what happened at dawn this morning, when our Western Mediterranean fleet under Admiral Somerville entered the Gulf of Genoa and bombarded in a shattering manner the naval base from where a German Nazi expedition might sail to attack General Weygand in Algeria or Tunisia.

"It May Fill French With Hope"

It is right that the Italian people should be made to feel sorry plight into which they have been let by Mussolini. If the cannonade of Genoa rolling along the coast and reverberating in the mountains has reached the ears of our French companions in their sorrow and misery, it may fill them with the feeling that friends, active friends, are near and that Britannia rules the waves. Events like these are only part of the story of the fall of an empire that will not take a future Gibbon so long to write as an original work.

Fifteen hundred miles away to the south, a strong British and Indian army, having driven the invaders out of Sudan, is marching steadily forward through the Italian colony of Eritrea, thus sealing the complete isolation of all the Italian troops in Abyssinia.

Lastly Ethiopean patriots, whose independence was stolen five years ago, have risen in arms and their Emperor, so recently exiled in England, is in their midst to fight for their freedom and his throne.

Here then we see the beginning of a process of reparation and chastisement of wrong doing, which reminds us that though the mills of God grind slowly they grind exceedingly small.

Referring to "the mighty tide of sympathy, goodwill and effective aid", which had begun to flow across the Atlantic, Mr. Churchill said he was sure that both Mr. Willkie and Mr. Hopkins would tell the truth about what they have seen over here. More than that was not asked. "The rest we leave with good confidence to the judgment of the President, Congress and people of the United States".

Turning to what he described as the more serious, darker and more dangerous aspect of the vast scene of the war, Mr. Churchill said, "We may be sure that the war is soon going to enter a phase of greater violence. Hitler's confederate Mussolini has reeled back in Albania, but the Nazis having absorbed Hungary and driven Rumania into frightful internal convulsions, are now already on the Black Sea.

German Forces In Bulgaria

A considerable German army and air force is being built up in Rumania and its forward tentacles have already penetrated Bulgaria with, we must suppose, the acquiescence of the Bulgarian Government.

Air fields are being occupied by German ground personnel numbering thousands, so as to enable the German air force to come into action from Bulgaria. Many preparations have been made for a movement of German troops into or through Bulgaria and perhaps this southward movement has already begun.

The Prime Minister continued. Of course, if all the peoples of south eastern Europe stood together they would, aided by Britain and Turkey, be able to hold on for several months before a German army and airforce of sufficient strength could be assembled to overcome these states. Much might happen in those months, and I am sure much will happen. Nothing is more certain than that if the south-eastern States of Europe allowed themselves to be dealt with piecemeal, they would fall to pieces one by one. One of our main difficulties is to convince the countries of south-eastern Europe that we are going to win. We think it surprising that they should be so dense as not to see it as clearly as we do ourselves.

An Italian quisling called Mussolini and a French quisling called Laval, both in their different ways, are trying to make their countries vassals of Hitler and his New Order, so as to enable the Nazis and their Gestapo to enforce their rule upon their fellow-countrymen.

Will Fight For Central Mediterranean Region

Mr. Churchill continued: We shall do our best to fight for the central Mediterranean region. A very significant action was fought over a fortnight ago over Malta. The Germans sent their dive-bombers to Sicily and they seriously injured our new aircraft carrier "Illustrious".

And as this damaged ship was sheltering in the harbour at Malta the enemy made a concentrated attack upon it hoping to beat it to pieces. They were met by the batteries of one of the most strongly defended fortresses in the world against air attack, the fleet air arm and the Royal Air Force, and in two or three days they lost out of 150 dive-bombers upwards of 90 of which 50 were destroyed in the air and forty on the ground.

Although the "Illustrious" in a damaged condition was one of the greatest prizes of the air and naval war, the Germans accepted defeat and would not come anymore All the necessary repairs were made to the "Illustrious" in Malta harbour and it steamed safely to Alexandria under its own power at 23 knots.

Mr. Churchill continued:—I have dwelt on this incident not because it disclosed a source of

(Continued on page 9, col. 5)

Group taken at the party given by the notables of Cairo for the entertainment of Imperial troops to celebrate the victories on the Desert Front.

Amery's Tribute To Indian Troops

LONDON, Feb. 9.

Reference by Mr. Amery to the remarkable steadiness of Indian troops in the Middle East under modern artillery and air bombardments drew warm applause from a large company of British and Allied officers on leave at "the India Day" function this evening at the Officers' Sunday Club in London.

Indian army officers and high officials were guests of the Club as "a special mark of appreciation of and thanks to those sustaining India's honour in the field and factory".

The Secretary of State said that the Indian troops taking part in General Wavell's amazing campaign have been given the credit for their part in the lightning attack on Sidi Barrani, for their leading part in the operations in Gallabat ending with the headlong flight of the enemy, for pushing out the Italians from Kassala and for scaling the heights of Agordat.

Mr. Amery added that the Middle East army was mainly equipped and supplied by resources from outside Britain, particularly from India, which is now busily engaged in speeding up and enlarging the scope of the munitions supply.

The soul and purpose of India as a true partner of the British nation in the war is now being expressed in the battle field and factory.

Indian Nautch dancers provided a cabaret entertainment.—Reuter.

Tide Of War Turns

BRITISH PRESS OPTIMISTIC: COMMENTS ON CHURCHILL'S SPEECH

LONDON, Feb. 10.

THE FIGHTING SPIRIT SHOWN IN MR. CHURCHILL'S SPEECH IS FULLY REFLECTED IN PRESS COMMENTS.

THE "DAILY TELEGRAPH" DESCRIBES THE SPEECH AS A "PROCLAMATION THAT THE NATURE OF THE WAR HAS UNDERGONE A CHANGE FOR WHICH WE MAY BE DEEPLY THANKFUL AND REJOICE"

The paper says that Nazism has been helpless while Fascism was struck by deadly blows. The tunnellers of the British fleet at Genoa shattered ships, shipyards and the resources of the base from which, as the Prime Minister put it, "a Nazi expedition might soon have sailed to attack General Weygand in Africa", and have enforced a lesson that Mussolini has challenged forces which will not rest till he and his system are overthrown.

The "Times", in a leader on American aid to Britain, says that General Wavell's brilliant victories have already done much to remove the fear that the war was bound to end in stalemate, which was possibly one of the chief obstacles to effective aid. The paper adds that every bold and successful blow we can strike at the enemy is valuable not only for its immediate military effect, but also for the influence it has upon feeling in the United States and among our friends throughout the world.

Magnificent Speech.

The "Daily Mail" describes Mr Churchill's speech as magnificent and says that the naval bombardment of Genoa has postponed for a long time, if it has not stopped altogether, a joint German-Italian enterprise for an attack on General Weygand in Algeria and Tunisia. Three hundred tons of shells flung into works and dockyards of Italy's greatest commercial port are our reply to the schemes and intrigues whereby Hitler hoped to secure the French empire and outflank General Wavell.

Genoa, like Benghazi, will offer immense encouragement to the Vichy Government in their stand against Hitler's demands.

The "Manchester Guardian" says: "To-day when British successes have almost eliminated one member of the Axis and gravely embarrassed the strategy of the other, it is inconceivable that the French forces in Africa should be in a mood for capitulation.

Hitler must act at once since every hour fortifies French sentiment and provides further proof of the power of British arms. Hitler has powerful weapons to use against Marshal Petain's firmness, but in the present state of the war and the present temper of France he cannot gain advantages he seeks by force without increasing his own difficulties."—Reuter.

PREMIER'S SPEECH CREATES DEEP IMPRESSION IN U. S.

Britain's Stock Running Higher Than Ever

WASHINGTON, Feb. 10

Mr. Churchill's speech caused a deep impression among Americans owing to its frankness, modesty and firm determination.

It has unquestionably added to the reputation the Prime Minister enjoys in the country. His statement that no American troops will be wanted as far as he could see, will help to dispose of some of the arguments against the Lease and Lend Bill in the Senate.

Britain's stock in the United States is running higher than ever at the moment with the passage of the Lease and Lend Bill by the House of Representatives. Mr. Willkie's return from his trip to England and the astounding success against the Italians in Africa.

GOODS TRAIN DERAILED NEAR PATNA

Five Fish-plates Alleged To Have Been Removed

PATNA, Feb. 10.

Nine wagons of the 276 Down Goods Train were derailed last night between Arrah and Kulharia railway stations on the mail line of the East Indian Railway.

Five fish-plates are reported to have been found removed at the scene of the accident which occurred at mile 364/5 from Howrah near a culvert. Though the nine wagons after the engine were completely derailed the locomotive itself remained on the line and was later on detached and run another mile and a half to the railway station of Kulharia.

Traffic was immediately restricted to the Up line which was not blocked by the derailment and single line running between Arrah and Kulharia is still continuing. The Down Delhi Express which reached the scene of the derailment early this morning, was one of the important trains to be diverted.

No member of the crew is reported to have been injured No material damage is reported so far. A relief train was sent last night from Dinapur and police officers including a finger print expert have proceeded this morning for investigation.

The number of wagons constituting the 276 Down Goods Train is said to vary between 55 and 6.—A. P.

Pakistan, A Vain Cry, Says Kripalani

India Can't Have Peace Unless There Is One Power, Democratic Or Autocratic

MADRAS, Feb. 9.

"Gandhiji stands for unmitigated non-violence. This is a formidable weapon and is not as contemptible as it looks," thus observed Mr. J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary, All India Congress Committee addressing a meeting at the Congress House to-night.

Mr. Kripalani said that he came to Madras to see if the circulars issued by the A. I. C. C. from time to time reached Provincial Congress Committees and to see how far the instructions were being followed.

Mr. Kripalani referred to the Pakistan scheme of the Muslim League and said that throughout history there had been in spite of differences fundamental unity that had made India one whole.

There would be no peace in India unless there was one political power, be it democratic or autocratic. The demand for Pakistan was a vain cry.

Continuing he said that the Congress had demanded the establishment of a national Government. Though the demand was a modest one, it was rejected by the British Government. The British Government was aware that it could not have their own way if the demand was conceded.

Concluding Mr. Kripalani dwelt at great length on the Gandhian gospel of non-violence and said that it was a formidable weapon. —A. P.

Charlie Chan Detective Story Day By Day

AN INTERCEPTED MESSAGE

BANANA BOAT MYSTERY

MATE! MATE!
YES, MR. SHALLET?
SSSH! THIS IS A NOTE FOR INSPECTOR CHAN! IT'S URGENT!
ER- THANKS, MR. SHALLET!
HMMM! THE INSPECTOR DOESN'T ANSWER! GUESS HE AIN'T IN! I'LL LEAVE IT UNDER HIS DOOR!
AND AFTER THE MATE LEAVES....

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